The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,426—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay —*Delivered free.*

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SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

THE following steamers are intended to be DESPATCHED once every four weeks from KURRACHEE to LONDON, calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Algiers, and at Lisbon once a month :—

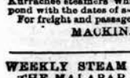
Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Date.
ASSYRIA	1426,	200	A. Hay	13th Feb. 1879.
AGRA	1907	200	C. Heasman	13th March.

Cargo and Passengers are booked here for the abovenamed places, also for East African ports for shipment hence by the Kurrachee steamers which leave Bombay on dates to correspond with the dates of sailing from Kurrachee.

For freight and passage apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. BUSHIRE, 792 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander J. W. Stuart, on SATURDAY, the 8th February 18 9, at 5 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingola, Goa, Carwar, Cocanada, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimli, Coringapatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch the INDIA, 1,060 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander R. L. Turner, on THURSDAY, the 6th February, 1879, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, GWADEH, MUSCAT, JASK, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BURREH, and occasionally BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch Steamers to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 p.m., and every MONDAY at 10 a.m.

The S. S. MAHRATTA, 742 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander W. Wilkinson, on MONDAY, the 3rd February 1879, at 10 a.m. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Pore Bunder, and Gutch Mandvie both ways.

The S. S. INDIA, 1,060 Tons, 200 H.P., Commander R. L. Turner, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 6th February 1879, at 4 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 9th, on the 1st of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	 130	.... Rs. 80	Without food.
Suez	 380	 220	 140	
Port Said	 380	 240	 90	
Jaffa	 400	 260	 100	Including Wines.
Beyrout	 425	 290	 125	
Cyprus	 450	 330	 130	
Messina	 500	 340	 140	
Naples	 500	 340	 140	
Leghorn	 500	 340	 140	
Genoa	 500	 340	 140	
Marseilles	 510	 350	 145	

Children under 2 years, free of charge ; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGES to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

AUSTRALIA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st March 1879.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 10th March 1879.
SUMATRA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st April 1879.

Passengers and Cargo are now booked for JAFFA, BEYROUT, and CYPRUS.

A Steamer of the Company leaves Port Said regularly every Thursday which carries the Passengers from Bombay to the above named three Ports.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation ; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 A.M. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

G. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, Jan., 1879.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES, GENOA, AND NAPLES.

S. S. MACEDONIA,
CAPTAIN JAS. LAIRD.

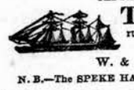
THIS Steamer will sail on the 26th February for the above ports.

For passage, &c.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

S. S. TRENTHAM HALL,
CAPTAIN JAS. C. SHAW.



THIS Steamer will sail for Liverpool direct on the 15th February.

For passage, &c.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

N. B.—The SPEKE HALL will follow on the 5th March.

JAMES MADDEN & CO.'S (LATE WHEATLEY, MADDEN & CO.'S) BOMBAY PASSENGER AGENCY.

NOTICE—Passages secured without charge, and every assistance rendered to Passengers leaving Bombay.

J. M. & Co.'s "Steamer Announcements" posted free to any part of India.

Full information regarding Passage Rates, &c., will be forwarded on application. Money exchanged. Drafts granted on England. Heavy Baggage intended for shipment should be in Bombay two clear days before the Steamer sails. All packages must be addressed JAMES MADDEN & Co., Bombay.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,

The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.

DOG WORKS :—NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

MACFARLANE'S CASTINGS,

—ARCHITECTURAL, ARTISTIC, AND SANITARY

For Architects, Civil and Mechanical Engineers, Contractors, Builders, Joiners, Plumbers, &c.—Railings ; Balconies ; Verandahs ; Conservatories ; Shop and Warehouse Front ; Arcades ; Winter Gardens ; Covered Ways ; Saloons Semi-enclosed ; Airing Rooms, Smoking Divans, &c. ; Watting Rooms, Clock and Water Towers ; Pavilions ; Bandstands ; Arbours ; Garden Entrances ; Garden Screens ; Boathouses, &c. Plain and Ornamental Castings of every description for Mansions, Halls, Schools, Barracks, Factories, Markets, Railway Stations, Bridges, Esplanades, Parks, Gardens, Pleasure Grounds, &c.

FOR HOME AND EXPORT.

Illustrated Catalogue with Price Lists and Estimates for special Designs on application.

WALTER MACFARLANE & CO.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879.
— BANGALORE	2063	500	E. G. Stead	3rd Feb.
(s) MONGOLIA	2833	530	A. Colemsn	10th do.
— SURAT	3141	530	G. C. Burne	17th do.
(s) PEKIN	3777	600	W. Woolcott	24th do.
— VENETIA	2726	450	C. G. Perrins	3rd March
(s) MALWA	2935	450	F. S. Tomlin	11th do.
— SUMATRA	2488	450	W. A. Seaton	17th do.
(s) MIRZAPORE	3763	600	A. Farish	24th do.
— CATHAY	2962	450	R. D. Dundas	31st do.
(s) NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	7th April.
— TRAVANCORE	1909	350	W. Barratt	14th do.
(s) HYDASPES	2984	450	D. Rennoldson	21st do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 25th January 1879.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
BOKHARA	2932	450	J. Orman	4th Feb. 1879
THIBET	2683	400	J. H. Torbock	18th do.
NIZAM	1723	450	A. R. Barlow	4th March.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 25th January 1879.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE AND COLOMBO.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	28th Feb. 1879
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	2-th March.
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	25th April.
TANJORE	2263	450	W. W. Fentiman	23rd May.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

J. R. KELLOCK,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 25th January 1879.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF HARDWARE AND FANCY GOODS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 3rd February, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms an invoice of hardware and fancy goods, just landed ex Greenock, consisting of—

Baby's feeding bottles, wire-gauze dish cover, 30 and 34 inches iron safes, drain flasks, egg boilers, cork-screws, paraffin lamps, shirt studs and solitaires, japanned toilet sets, japanned cash boxes, shoe, clothes and hair brushes, musical balcons, electro plated cruet-stands, butter cooler, dessert and tea spoons, opera glasses, concertinas, steel and gilt watch chains, watch glasses, table, knives, and carvers, Scissmer steel table spoons, japanned tea trays and waiters, crying dolls, briar pipes, leather purses, Britania metal, 4 gilt teapots, galvanized iron buckets, &c.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 3rd February, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms :—

10 Bales grey shirtings 8¼ lbs.
10 Cases T red chints.
25 Tins printing ink.
10 Cases coloured and T red saroes.
6 Fire-proof chests 22 inches.
24 " " 24 "
6 " " 26 "
6 " " 28 "
6 " " 30 "
12 Rolls Brussel's carpet.

By order of the Administrator General sundry effects of the late Mr. D. W. Martin, comprising telescopes, portmanteaux, wearing apparels and sundries.

A few articles of furniture of a gentleman, comprising, pier, writing and washing tables, chiffonier, easy and arm chairs, side board, camp tables, reclining couch, teapoys, screen, glass, plated and porcelain wares, &c.

On account of the first purchase,

3 cases Black Union.
2 " Alpaccas.

By order of the Executive Commissariat Officer Presidency at the Town Barracks :—

A lot of unserviceable Commissariat Stores.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS TEAK SQUARES, On WEDNESDAY next, the 5th February, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Kasara Bunder.

75 Superior 1st class Moulmein teak squares,
75 Superior 2nd class Moulmein teak squares in small convenient lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

SALE OF valuable landed property in Jugjeewun Keeka Street, without the Fort.

On SATURDAY next, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Savitribai, widow of Purshotumdas Goculdas, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Cursondass Purshotumdass, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgagee, dated the 23rd day of May 1868.

All that piece of ground situate on the west side of Jugjeewun Keeka street, in the subdistrict of Bhooleshwar, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 220 square yards and eight-ninths of a square yard or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under No. 732 together with the shed or range erected and standing thereon, and registered in the books of the Collector of Assessment under No. 82, and which said premises intended to be hereby conveyed were formerly and are now in the occupation of Lallubhai Chubeedass, and are bounded on the east by the said Jugjeewun Keeka street, on the west by vacant ground and well belonging to Ruttonsey Dharsey, on the north by the passage leaving the premises hereby conveyed, and then the house belonging to the said Ruttonsey Dharsey and the chawl of buildings belonging to Rustomjee Jeejeebjee Appoo, and on the south passage, half of which belongs and is appurtenant to the premises hereby conveyed, and the other half to house of Ruttonsey Dharsey.

For further particulars and condition of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 3rd February 1879.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES STREET.

On SUNDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 P.M. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 15, Bandora Hill the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelainware, &c. &c, the property of David Hare, Esq.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 4th Feb., at 1 P. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome household furniture, comprising plated glass and porcelain ware, a symphonic grand square piano by Soundy & Co, dining table, whatnots, Madras-pattern arm-chairs, centre ottoman, conversation sofas, sidetables, chiffoniers, dressing and washing tables, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., &c, the property of Captain A. B. Portman, the same comprises rich thin-stem glassware, handsome dinner, dessert, breakfast and tea services, best plated ware such as plated dish covers containing 4 side dishes, cruet, pickle, and egg stand, butter pot, bread basket, breakfast companion, table, chamber and piano candlesticks, &c., &c., handsome household furniture such as a set of dining table in 5 pieces, sideboard, pier, circular, oval, writing, and dressing tables, dining and drawing-room chairs, whatnot, table and hanging kerosine and argand lamps, and mahogany sympathetic grand square piano by Soundy and Co., camp cots, clothes and gown presses, dressing and cheval glasses, dispense articles, cooking utensils, &c., &c.

Catalogues are published, and the property is now on view.

On MONDAY, the 10th February, at 1 P M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parell, the valuable and handsome French-polished household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelainware, one bay Arab horse, 2 Gujarat Cows with calf, plants, &c., the property of J. H. EDWARDS, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 3rd February 1879.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE & COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of Materials of certain Buildings at Pang Pir.

Under instructions from the Executive Engineer, Bombay Harbour Defences, Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell for removal all the materials of certain bungalows, magazine and overseer's quarters, by Public Auction, at the above Pang Pir on SATURDAY the 8th instant, at 2 p.m.

The same consisting of teak-wood trusses, posts, purlins, rafters, battens, battenralling, panelled, glazed, venetian and perforated zinc doors and windows, bamboo matting, weather frames, tiles, stone slabs, rubble stones, chunam walls, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE & Co.

Bombay, 3rd February 1879.

LIVER PILLS FOR INDIA AND THE COLONIES.

DR. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury) are the best remedy for Bile, Wind, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Spasms, Giddiness, Heartburn, Nervousness, Gout, and all disorders of the Stomach and Liver. They combine mildness in operation with the most admirable effects, and as an aperient cannot be surpassed. Manufactured by JAS. RORKE, 67, Mortimer Street, London, W., and sold all over the world by most Chemists and Medicine Vendors at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d, and 11s.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.

Established 1820.

THE attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies.

JOYCE'S TREBLE WATERPROOF & F 3 QUALITY PERCUSSION CAPS,

Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding.
JOYCE'S GAS-TIGHT CARTRIDGES,
For Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns.
Wire Cartridges for killing Game at long distances.
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Sold by all Gunmakers and Dealers in Gunpowder.

FREDERICK JOYCE & Co.,
Patentees and Manufacturers,
97, UPPER THAMES STREET, LONDON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAMMOTH PAVILION, CRUICKSHANK ROAD, ESPLANADE.

PROPRIETORS—Messrs. NORTON, HENNICKE AND KING.

THIS EVENING, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, AND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, PROFESSOR HENNICKE AND THE FAMOUS MERRY-MAKERS.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 4, GRAND FASHIONABLE NIGHT, AND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT TO THE FAVOURITE COMEDIAN, WASHINGTON NORTON, UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE GENEROUS PUBLIC OF BOMBAY.

On which occasion the well-known AMATEUR CHRISTY MINSTRELS, SAM BENSON AND KISKY, Will appear in conjunction with WASHINGTON NORTON.

DOUBLE PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT.

THE MYSTERIOUS GROWTH OF FLOWER².
THE FLYING BIRD CAGE.
THE TALKING DOLLS, SARAH AND JOHNNY,
AND THE
ENTRANCED LADY FLOATING IN THE AIR!
Without pole or rest of any description, defying the laws of gravitation.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

First Class .....Rs. 2 | Second Class.....Re. 1
Third " .....As. 8 | Fourth " .....As. 4
Reserved seats at SOUNDY and Co.
Doors open at 8 ; commence precisely at 9.

ALSO ON VIEW FROM 7 TILL 11 P.M.
FATIMA,
THE LAST LONDON SENSATION.
ADMISSION—ANNAS 4.

NOTICE.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO HAVRE AND LIVERPOOL.

THE RYDAL HALL will sail at 5 p.m. on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, the 5th inst., punctually. The Company's Steam Tender will leave the Apollo Bunder at 3 o'clock.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

CHEAP PASSAGE TO MARSEILLES, GENOA, AND NAPLES.

THE JINMAN LINE'S Steamship SCINDIA, 3,000 Tons, Captain Samuel Wyndham, sailing about 15th February.

This well known Passenger Steamer was specially built for the Indian Trade and has commodious State Rooms, and every other convenience, Carries a Surgeon.

TARIFF.

First Class—To PORT SAID.....Rs. 220
" To NAPLES and GENOA..... " 400
" To MARSEILLES..... " 420
Children under 3 years free of charge, and over ten years, Half Fare.

Deck Passage without Food.
To Port Said Rs. 80. | To Aden Rs. 30.

Apply to
McCULLOCH, BEYTS & Co., Agents.

NOTICE.—The OFFICE of MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co. have been REMOVED to No. 39, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
Bombay, 3rd February 1879.

MOFUSSIL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that INTEREST at the rate of NINE PER CENT. PER ANNUM will be charged on all CALLS REMAINING UNPAID after the 3rd February 1879.

ARTHUR HUSON,
Chief Agent.

Bombay, 31st January 1879.

THE FREERE LAND AND PIER COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the OFFICE of the above Company has THIS DAY been REMOVED to CHURCH LANE, No. 1, Fort.

EDWARD G. CABRAL,
Provisional Secretary.

1st February, 1879.

NOTICE.—It is hereby notified that the Undersigned did, on the 1st instant, PAY to HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY in Bombay the sum of Rupees 16,000, being the 115th Monthly Instalment of the FIRST FIFTEEN LAC LOAN, with interest, and the sum of Rupees 14,600, being the 115th Monthly Instalment of the VEHAR WATER WORKS DEBT, aggregating Rupees 30,600.

J. H. GRANT,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 1st Feb. 1879.

MARINE BRANCH.

JAVA SEA INSURANCE CO., BATAVIA,
Florins 3,000,000.
SWITZERLAND MARINE INSURANCE CO., ZURICH,
Francs 5,000,000.

FIRE BRANCH.

HAMBURG MAGDEBURG FIRE INSURANCE CO., HAMBURG,
Aggregate Guaranteed Capital,
Mark- 60 000,000.
JAVA FIRE INSURANCE CO., BATAVIA,
Florins 3,000,000.

THE Undersigned, Agents to the above Companies, are prepared to accept MARINE and FIRE RISKS at most favourable terms, and further particulars may be had on application.

KNOOP & Co., Agents.

BYCULLA HOTEL, BOMBAY, AND CHOWK HOTEL, MATHERAN.

TERMS, Rs. 5 per day, including everything.

THE Byculla is the most comfortable Family Hotel in Bombay.

Lady Superintendent.
KELLY & COMPANY,
PROPRIETORS.

J. NEUBERG, 5, Meadow Street.

JUST TO HAND, PER S. S. LOMBARDY, A CHOICE PARCEL OF MANILLA CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

"Cavite" Brand,
Extra fine quality and size.

The finest production of the Manillas, and Choicest Importation of the season.

Carefully selected by Mr. Neuberg's special agent at MANILLA.

"PRIMA PRIMA QUALITE."

No. 1 CIGARS, Cavites.
Rs. 90 per 1,000.
Per Box of 50, Rs. 5.

No. 1 CHEROOTS, Cavites.
Rs. 90 per 1,000.
Per Box of 50, Rs. 5.

No. 2 CIGARS, Cavites.
Rs. 65 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 7.

No. 2 CHEROOTS, Cavites.
Rs. 65 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 7.

No. 3 CIGARS, Cavites.
Rs. 40 per 1,000.
Per Box of 200 Rs. 9.

Note.—5 per cent. discount allowed for cash *with* orders and *prompt payment* on all purchases aggregating Rs. 10 and upwards.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

For Sale at this Office,

A BOOK-BINDERS' SAW-BENCH. This Machine is for sawing the backs of Books and it is arranged for foot or steam power. It contains seven Circular Saws and various-sized Washers for changing every quarter o an inch.

BRANDIES.

	Cash Rs. a.
FINE OLD PALE COGNAC (Treacher's celebrated Heart Labelled), pure, soft, and delicate, per dozen	30 0
OLD PALE BRANDY, a Choice Matured Spirit	27 0
OLD BRANDY : a sound wholesome spirit	23 0

These well-known Spirits, unequalled for purity and softness, find an increasing sale throughout India.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HANBURY & COMPANY,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
(Wholesale and Retail),
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

ORDERS punctually despatched, Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes accurately dispensed with Pure and Fresh Drugs at Reduced Charges.

HANBURY & COMPANY.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

FOR THE BALL SEASON.

TRY Mrs. MEDLEY'S MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT, if you want a PRETTY and CHEAP BALL DRESS.

Dress, Wreath, or Cap, and Gloves complete, Rs. 25-0-0.

N. B.—Please note the address, 34, Meadow Street, Fort.

IMPORTANT TO SCOTCHMEN.

RARE OLD HIGHLAND WHISKY.

THE UNITED SERVICE WINE Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, invite the attention of all connoisseurs and Scotchmen especially, to their blends of RARE OLD HIGHLAND WHISKIES. None lifted from Distillery Bond until 5 to 8 years old.

If wished Whisky can be sent direct from any of the following noted Scotch Distilleries. Islay (Ardbeg) ; Campbelton ; Ben Nevis (Long John) ; Glenluet (Smith's) ; Glen Grant (Rothe's) ; Strathisla (Keith) ; Teannich (Ross Shire) ; Cragganmore and Royal Brackla Nairn. Any required age from 5 to 10 years, with certificate.

Price Lists of Wines, &c., sent on application to the United Service Wine Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE "WESTERN INDIA" SHIRT MANUFACTORY.

MESSRS. ASQUITH & LORD have great pleasure in advertising a few of the numerous satisfactory communications they have received from their Patrons in the Mofussil, which communications will show how easy it is to take one's own measure for a garment, when properly instructed, in these extracts SHIRTS only are referred to and we solicit a perusal.

EXTRACTS.

Please send me half a dozen cambric shirts, similar to those which you made for me last May.
Belgaum, 26th January 1877.

Please be good enough to make me four flannel shirts of the best quality you have. You have my measure as you made a quantity of shirts for me last September.
Aurungabad, 5th February 1877.

Kindly send to my address at Simla one dozen white shirts, best quality as before. Also let me have a few cuttings of your nicest patterns for coloured shirts and I will order some. That there may be no mistake about my pattern, I send you a shirt of your own making.
Allahabad, 9th March 1877.

Received the parcel containing shirts, &c. They are all right.
Jubbulpore, 19th April 1877.

The shirt you sent me fits very well. Please send me half a dozen.
Akola, Berar, 9th April 1877.

I beg to inform you that I am exceedingly well satisfied with all the articles sent, especially the silk shirt, which I think a great success, so much so that I must ask you to send me another.
Hyderabad, 9th April 1877.

I will thank you to make and send per steamer six white shirts with lay down collars attached, cut low in neck same as others.
Cochin, 6th May 1877.

Will you be good enough to send me the following : 6 extra super longcloth shirts with collars attached, 1 white spun silk shirt. You have my measure for shirts as you took it last year at Hyderabad and the shirts fitted very well.
R. A. Mess, Kurrachee, 11th May 1877.

Dr. —— encloses herewith a cheque for Rs. 48. The shirts and sleeping suit were in all respects satisfactory.
14th May 1877.

Messrs. Asquith are informed that the shirt fits very well and they are requested to send 3 Oxford shirts of the same pattern.
Sholapore, 8th January 1877.

Please send to my address 8 flannel shirts and 6 coloured cotton shirts with collars. Please let the shirts be of the same size and pattern as those you sent me on a former occasion.
Chikalda, 22nd June 1877.

I enclose patterns of coloured prints and will thank you to send me 6 shirts made up in your usual style with collars attached.
Hyderabad, 24th June 1877.

I write to request that you have made for me half a dozen of your best white dress shirts without collars. In giving you this order I would refer you to the half dozen which you made for me in April 1876 and request you will have them made exactly alike.
Kirkee, 27th June 1877.

I enclose a cheque for Rs. 150 in part payment of my account. Please acknowledge and send me 6 white shirts as previously supplied.
Secundarabad, 4th July 1877.

I have the pleasure to acknowledge receipt of the half dozen shirts which fit me exactly and please me very much.
Aden, 11th July 1877.

Please make three more silk and wool shirts exactly the same as before.
Sholapore, 12th July 1877.

Mr. —— finds the shirts supplied by Asquith & Co. satisfactory, and wishes to have 11 more of those with collars and two more of the other sort.
Darjeeling, 3rd August 1877.

The white shirt you sent fits well. I want 12 white shirts instead of six.
Basim, 16th August 1877.

Please send me to the above address seven white shirts with turned down collars attached and made of the finest stuff you use for that purpose. They should have quite plain fronts, the same as those you last sent me.
Simla, August 20th, 1877.

Please forward me as early as possible one dozen white shirts, quite plain fronts, same size in every respect as those you made for me in December last.
Lahore, August 16th, 1878.

This shirt will do very well. Please make me two dozen as soon as possible.
Bombay, 27th August 1877.

Please make me up one dozen shirts. You have my measure, and I shall be glad if you will make the shirts in all respects like the last white ones.
Bulsar, 4th September 1877.

I want half a dozen more white shirts. Have you retained a pattern ? If not I will send a pattern shirt again.
Nagpur, C.P., 7th September 1877.

Please send me a few patterns of flannel for shirts ; a friend of mine lent me a shirt of mine which you made for me when I was at Secunderabad and asked me to get him some.
Calicut, September 26th, 1877.

Please make two shirts from each of the enclosed patterns. You have the measurements of my shirts which fit me exactly.
Poona, 4th October, 1877.

The things I had from you have given me great satisfaction. I therefore ask you to be so good as to send me up, without delay, three more white gauze cotton shirts. I find they are the nicest things possible to wear under uniform.
Kirkee, October 7th, 1877.

Will you please make me half a dozen white shirts, plain fronts, as before.
Secundarabad, 27th October 1877.

The 2 shirts fit me well. Finish the remaining 10 shirts.
Coonoor, 5th November 1877.

I duly received the shirts to-day and I am happy to say they give entire satisfaction.
Sheagaum, November 7th, 1877.

I herewith enclose a hoondie for Rs. 85 in payment of my account. I telegraphed some days ago for 6 shirts with stand up collars the same as you before made for me.
Ajmere, November 16th, 1877.

Please send me 6 white shirts with turn down collars attached, perfectly plain fronts and of the best linen you use, in fact exactly like those you last sent me.
Calcutta, November 16th, 1877.

The shirts are all right. Please send the remainder.
Ahmedabad, 30th November 1877.

I beg to enclose a cheque for Rs. 60-4 in payment for the 12 shirts lately made by you for Major——He is satisfied with the fit.
Lucknow, 2nd December 1877.

The five shirts arrived this morning and give me satisfaction.
Rai Bareli, 12th December 1877.

Will you kindly make me up a dozen white shirts the same as those you made for me last December.
Bombay, 12th December 1877.

You hold my measurement for some colored shirts you made for me while in Bombay in February last. Will you please make me up as early as possible half dozen of the same kind and half a dozen white with collars attached.
Jubbulpore, 15th December 1877.

Please make me half doz. white shirts in all respects the same as the last.
Mhow, 4th January 1879.

I enclose cheque on Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co. for Rs. 66-4, the amount of your bill. Please send me 6 more Oxford shirts.
Dhulia, 20th January 1878.

We have just received your parcel containing the shirts and shawl. The former fit well and will do.
January 21st, 1878.

The shirts and handkerchiefs arrived to-day. They are all very nice.
Abbottabad, 13th February 1878.

Mr. —— begs to enclose a cheque on Grindlay and Co. for Rs. 103-4, being the amount of his bill for shirts, &c., which fit all right.
Belgaum, 22nd February 1878.

I got some very nice coloured and plain shirts from you in 1874, some of which I am wearing still. If you have any nice ones now please send me some.
Peshawur, 28th February 1878.

Send me half a dozen white shirts, the same as you last sent with turned down collars attached, fronts quite plain and of the finest material you use. Your shirts are certainly better than I can get anywhere else.
Bengal Club, Calcutta, 4th March 1878.

I have run out of shirts, and as I liked the ones you made Capt. —— a short while ago, I write to ask you to send me half a dozen for trial.
Abbottabad, 17th March 1878.

I shall feel obliged if you will be good enough to have ready as soon as convenient four merino shirts same pattern as before.
Sholapore, 9th April 1878.

I have asked Messrs King, King and Co. to pay to you Rs. 500, —which please credit to my account. Please send me a dozen white shirts with collars attached same as before.
Mhow, 12th April 1878.

I send you 17 shirts and should be obliged if you would put new collars to them and return as soon as possible. Please also take measure as in future I wish to get my shirts from you instead of sending home for them.
Nowgong, 15th April 1878.

Will you please have made for me half doz. white shirts with collars, the same as the last, nice and low in the neck.
Bombay, April 17th, 1878.

I enclose a cheque for Rs. 55, the amount of your bill for shirts which are very nice.
Indore, 14th May 1878.

I enclose 5 patterns for shirts. Please make up one of each. The pattern shirt fits admirably.
Seetabuldee, 20th May 1878.

I have received the parcel of shirts and collars advised in yours of 20th inst. They are very nice.
Sialkote, 27th May 1878.

I have received the shirts and they fit very well.
Mahableshwur, June 2nd, 1878.

At the recommendation of my brother Lieut B., I write to you to kindly supply me with the following half doz. white shirts and half doz. silk and wool.
Jhelum, Punjab, 18th June 1878.

Please forward half a dozen extra superfine white shirts with turn down collars. I think you have my measurement for shirts, as you sent me some of the Oxford cloth patterns which fit me very well.
Deolali, 7th July 1878.

I have to acknowledge receipt of all the goods sent and am very much pleased with the shirts.
Find Club, Kurrachee, July 7th, 1878.

Please make me up 11 more shirts, one of each

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 1st FEB. 1879.

THE telegraphic advices from Home during the past week have not been of a character to induce any alleviation in the depressed state of trade which we have had continuously to report of late, and we regret to say internal influences have been in no degree more favourable. Money has become, perhaps, a shade less stringent so far as actual banking matters are concerned, but credit is still at a very low ebb, and a strongly marked feeling of uncertainty and want of confidence prevails. This is more especially observable in connection with our local Spinning and Weaving industry which is unquestionably passing through a most critical period, the result of a prolonged term of unprofitable working—no less than eight companies being now under liquidation, whilst others are reported to be rapidly drifting in the same direction. A number of these, doubtless, are their stoppage to bad and dishonest management, but there can be little question that even the best managed concerns have anything but a cheerful outlook before them in the immediate future, with the prospect of the raw material standing at a comparatively high level, whilst the demand for manufactured Goods and Yarns shows no signs of improvement. Two consecutive years of famine cannot be recovered from all at once, even under the most favourable circumstances, and much less so, when, as in the present, we have to face the probability of another short yield. We shall not perhaps have a recurrence of actual famine this year—the grain crops will be sufficiently good to avert that, but of all other descriptions of produce there can, we fear, be little doubt that the returns this season will be miserably disappointing, on this side of the country at least. Seeds are most unfavourably reported upon, whilst our staple export, Cotton, looks like being very little if anything larger than last year. For the month of January the clearances only total 31,000 bales against 52,000 bales last January, the smallest figures we have had since the American war, and although such a deficiency may be partly attributable to the crop being late, it is mainly owing to a falling off in the actual yield. In imports the aspect of affairs is no more promising, for short crops necessarily mean poor buyers, and taken all round the season just opening looks very far off, fulfilling the hopeful anticipations entertained a few months ago. Increased activity we shall certainly have during March, April, and May, but this will arise more from business being compressed into these months than anything else.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on the 25th instant, indicated a slight turn for the better in the position of the Bank, the Cash Balance showing an increase of 23 lakhs. Even now, however, the balance both at the head office and branches only amount to 114 lakhs as against 296½ lakhs at the same time last year, and it is perfectly evident that had we required to finance large and early crops of export produce, we should now have witnessed pressure of a very serious character. As it is, the demands of our export trade so far are quite insignificant, and before they can assume any importance the large supplies of Silver now on the way will begin to make themselves felt, so that a return to greater ease ought to follow very closely on the heels of greater confidence. After the state of matters which has prevailed in the bazaar latterly, it is scarcely to be expected, however, that credit will be re-established in a day, but a calmer feeling prevails, and if we could only be certain that we had seen the end of the failures, we might begin to hope that we had reached the turning point. The fact that the directors of the Bank of Bombay did not deem it necessary to further advance their rates of discount on Wednesday last may be taken as to some extent a favourable indication, although it is well understood that they are not anxious after business at even considerably above their official figure. And it is well we think that it should be so. People are often inclined to cry out against the Banks for restricting their facilities in times of pressure, and there is frequently reason in the cry, but in a crisis such as we have recently been passing through, it is well that everything in the shape of unsound business should be subjected to the severest tests, as a permanent recovery can only follow the complete eradication of the disease.

EXCHANGE :—The Market for Sterling opened with a very weak feeling, and rates gave way steadily until on Wednesday a decline of ¼d. to 9-16d. per rupee had been established from last mail's quotations, and on Thursday morning, when it became known that the 40 lakhs of Council Drafts had been allotted in London on the previous day at 1s. 7¼d., and that the biddings for the following week would be for the increased amount of 45 lakhs, a further drop of 3-16d to ¼d. at once took place. On the following day a further partial fall of 1-16d. per rupee occurred, owing to slightly lower quotations for Silver, and the lowest point of the week was touched at 1s. 7¼d. for demand Bank Bills. On Saturday a slightly firmer feeling became apparent, the Banks were decidedly less willing buyers, especially for forward delivery, and the following may be given as closing rates :—Bank Bills on demand 1s. 7¼d. to 5-16 ; 6 months' sight 1s. 7 11-16d. ; 6 months' sight 1s. 7¼d ; Documents, 3 months 1s. 7⅜d. ; 6 months' sight 1s 7-15-16d. per rupee.

The transactions of the week have been limited in the extreme. For any business the enquiry has been quite insignificant, and very little Bank Paper has consequently been sold, while of Private Bills the amount offering is restricted by the small extent of export business passing. Since last mail left the Banks have been willing buyers for forward delivery at an advance of 1-16d per rupee per month on current rates, but in times like the present people won't anticipate business, and there has been nothing sold ahead of any importance. In Gold there has been business done during the week, but not to a very large extent. The last transaction reported was at Rs. 19-7-6 for 100 touch.

As regards the future widely different opinions are entertained at the moment, some people being of opinion that we may yet see a comparatively full value established for the rupee before the end of the season, whilst others are equally strong believers in a fall. The solution of the difference probably lies in the views respectively entertained as to the quantity of Silver which has yet to be sold by the German Government. If anything like the end of this could be seen the early recovery of the rupee would not be far off, but when we see that such an advance as had taken place ten days ago was sufficient to bring out something like a million sterling, it is evident that there is still a large amount in the back ground, and that the market will always be checked at the point which induces the German Government to realise, which, judging from recent operations, would seem to be something like 50¾d. to 51d. per ounce.

On Calcutta, owing to the holidays there, there has been little done this week, but rates show a firmer tendency, the result probably of slightly easier money here. We quote, demand drafts 1-16 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight 1¼ per cent. discount.

On China there is nothing whatever doing. Nominally the quotation for 60 days' sight Mercantile Bills is Rs. 216 per 100 Dollars, but it has not been tested of late by actual business.

From Hongkong the latest quotation by wire for 6 months' sight Bank Bills on London is 3s. 7¼d. per dollar, and from Shanghai 5s. 0¼d. per tael.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—During the early part of the week the Market remained very dull with nothing doing, and rates nominated at Rs. 93¾ and Rs. 99¾ for Fours and Fours-and-a-half respectively with no buyers. Latterly, however, a somewhat improved tone has been apparent, having its origin in somewhat better advices from Calcutta, and our quotations to-day, at which there are buyers, are:—Fours, Rs. 94 to ⅜ ; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 99½ to ⅝.

SHARES.—The Market had shown a slightly steadier feeling just before last mail left, but this has since been entirely lost, and so far as mill shares are concerned, the depression at the present moment looks more like increasing than diminishing. As a matter of fact last week's improvement was entirely due to a belief that some settlement would be arrived at, which would prevent the four mills previously managed by Nursey Kessowjee and Co, coming into the market for sale, but with official liquidators appointed, and a criminal charge being prosecuted against the late directors, it is evident that the companies must be wound up. This places no less than eight mills into liquidation, viz :—

The Albert Mills.	The Fleming S. & W. Co.
The Alexandra S. & W. Co.	The Neriad ,,
The Broach Mills.	The Nicol Manfactg. Co.
The Colaba S. & W. Co.	The Nursey S. & W. Co.

and the reduced prices which these are expected to realise must necessarily depress the shares of other companies to something like a proportionate value, irrespective altogether of the working prospects. The net results of the movements in mill shares during the week are represented by a fall of Rs. 50 per share in Alliance, Khandesh, and Sassoon, Rs. 45 in Colaba, Rs. 40 in Hindustan, Rs. 27½ in Alexandra, Rs. 25 in Dhoorumsey, Jowraz Ballia, Khatau Mawjee, Morarjee Goculdass, and Oriental, Rs. 20 in Nursey, Rs. 17½ in Fleming, Rs. 15 in Manockjee Petit, and Mazagon, and Rs 10 in Oocrla, Great Eastern, and Manchester and Bombay. In Bank Shares the only movement of the week is in Bank of Bombays which close at Rs. 682, an advance of Rs. 4½ per share. Land Companies are quiet but steady, Colabas and Freres being both Rs. 10 per share higher. In Press Companies we notice a rise of Rs. 10 in French Press, Rs. 25 in East India, while Borars have been in decidedly better demand at hardening rates. Mofussils have declined Rs. 40 per share (20 per cent.), owing to the announcement of a call of Rs. 50 per share. Amongst Miscellaneous Companies there is no special movement to notice.

PIECE GOODS.—We have to record an extremely dull Market during the past week, for almost all descriptions of goods, the transactions being only estimated at 300 packages from officers, and 1,500 packages from the Bazaar, whilst prices in most cases have been As. 1 to As. 2 per piece in favour of buyers. Shipments from Home are small, and supplies here would be very moderate, had we any prospect of something like an average demand. Of this we fear, however, there is no likelihood at present, as dealers generally, after a long period of bad trade, are not in a position to hold large stocks, whilst the actual requirements for consumption look like being again very limited, owing to the unfavourable state of things up-country, and unless therefore strength be derived from Liverpool and Manchester, the probability seems to be in favour of still lower prices.

Of *Grey* Shirtings stocks in European hands are small, but comparatively large supplies are held in the Bazaar, and prices of all widths are the turn in favour of buyers. Printers are in slight request at barely previous rates, and the same remark applies to Jaconets, Mulls, and Dhoties. Madapollams meet some little demands and prices of these as also T. Cloths are comparatively well-supported. In *Bleached* Cloths, the bulk of the transactions have been in Shirtings, Jaconets, Tanjibs, and Mulls, for which about former rates are current, but Cambrics, Lappets, and Figured Shirtings are in large supply and difficult of sale even at easier rates. *Dyed* and Printed Goods are very dull, and *Turkey Red* are almost unsaleable. Of *Lawl* Makes the clearances have been very small, and generally at prices showing a loss to the mills.

TWIST.—In English Yarns the week's transactions have been unimportant, and we reduce our quotations As. ½ to ¾ per lb. Of Local Spinnings the sales have also been light at as low as As. 6¾ per lb. for 20s., and both of Home and local makes, stocks are a long way ahead of the demand.

METALS.—*Copper*.—We have not heard of any sales from first hands, and in the Bazaar buyers are offering a reduction of As. 8 per cwt. *Yellow Metal* is equally dull at lower rates by As. 8 to As. 12 per cwt. For *Iron* the demand is not active, but small stocks help to support prices. Swedish Bars have declined Re. 1 per candy, but British Bars are As. 8 to Re. 1, and Round Nail Rods Re. 2 per candy, higher.

COALS.—We have not heard of a single transaction "to arrive" this week, both buyers and sellers being apparently alike indisposed to operate. The stoppage of a number of the Mills naturally has a material effect in reducing the consumption, whilst, on the other hand, imports are prevented from offering by the high rates of freight outward and the heavy decline in Exchange. To-day's nominal quotations to arrive, both by steam and sail, are :—

Davison's West Hartley .... Rs. 20½ to Rs. 21 alongside
Cardiff ..... ,, 20½ to ,, 21 ,,
Laird's Welsh Hartley ..... ,, 19½ to ,, 20 ,,
Watson's Hartley ..... ,, 19½ to ,, ,,

COTTON.—Although the tenor of the Liverpool telegraphic advices during the week has, on the whole, been quiet with little or no change in quotations for Surats, prices there have undergone considerable fluctuations. To begin with, large receipts at the american ports were advised just at the time that the forced demand to cover January shipments had come to an end, and sellers at once reduced their prices Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 per candy for Hingunghaut all grades of Oomrawuttee for forward delivery and for G. F. and F. G. F. ready, whilst Good Omra being remarkably scarce only gave way Re. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy. For some days there was considerable anxiety shown to sell at the decline, and rates had, if anything, a further downward tendency, but short receipts at the American ports on Thursday caused a much firmer feeling here on Friday afternoon, which developed into an advance of Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy on Saturday morning, whilst up-country the rise was even more extravagant. Heavy receipts at U. S. American ports on Friday, however, induced a weaker feeling again on Saturday afternoon, and the market closed at a reaction of Rs. 1 to Re. 2 per candy from the previous advance. On this basis we are considerably above the parity of Liverpool arrival quotations, but at the slow rate in which supplies are coming into the up-country markets, this disparity seems likely to exist yet for some weeks to come. It is very questionable, in fact, whether we are ever likely to see anything like a working margin all through the season, as the crop is undoubtedly not only a late but a small one, and when that is the case our prices are generally supported above the level of Liverpool.

The favourite estimates of the shipments for the current six months are now put at about the same as last season, say in round figures 625,000 bales, and so far as the yield alone is concerned we should be inclined to put our estimate at the same figure, but we must further allow for the reduced consumption of the local mills, which will leave at least an additional 20,000 bales available for export, and we are therefore disposed to put one idea of the clearances at 650,000 to 660,000 bales.

The advices received from up-country point as follows :—

Oomrawuttee—A yield of about 75,000 bales less than last season. The quality on the average will be fairly satisfactory, especially in staple, but to class "Good" there will not be much available.

Hingunghaut is a very short yield of inferior quality, a selection of good being almost unobtainable. *Broach*, although late, promises to be a good crop both in quantity and quality. There will be no arrivals to speak of before the first week in March, but the total yield is generally estimated at quite 40,000 bales over last season. *Dholleras* is not favourably spoken of, and short as last season's crop of this description was, we do not look for an increase this year of more than 50,000 bales.

Of *Compta and Dharwar* it is yet too early to speak with any degree of certainty, but the latter is said to be a certain short yield.

The Clearances of Cotton for sea during the week amount to 13,713 bales, making a total of 30,942 bales for the month ending 31st instant against 51,834 bales for January last year.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission.

New—		Per Candy.	Per Cwt.
Good Hingunghaut Ready delivery	.... ,,	....	5 3/16d.
,, M. G. Broach March	,, ... ,,	....	5¼d.
,, Oomra Ready	,, ... ,,	198 = 4 15/16d.	
,, Do. March	,, ... ,,	180 = 4¾d.	
F.G.F. Do. Ready	,, ... ,,	189 = 4 11/16d.	
,, Do. March	,, ... ,,	184 = 4¾d.	
G.F. Do. Ready	,, ... ,,	182 = 4 13/16d.	
Do. Do. March	,, ... ,,	179 = 4¾d.	
Good Dholleras April	,, ... ,,	190 = 4 13/16d.	
F.G.F. Do. ,,	,, ... ,,	185 = 4 11/16d.	
G.F. Do. ,,	,, ... ,,	180 = 4 9/16d.	

Ginned Dharwar and Compta, no quotation.

The visible supply of Cot on for Europe on the 31st ultimo shows the following comparisons with the corresponding date of the two previous years :—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Total supply of all kinds.	2,220,000	2,551,070	2,794,680
,, ,, Surats.	169,000	146,060	243,120
For the U.K. only the figures are as follows :—			
Stock in Liverpool.....	375,000	541,410	780,920
Do. London.....	50,000	15,230	35,340
American afloat.....	339,000	285,900	316,000
E. Indian ,, ...	87,000	32,000	58,000
Total.....	782,000	873,640	1,190,260
Price of Mid. Orleans...	5 9-16d.	6 7-16d.	7d.
,, Fair Dhollera...	4¾d.	5 5-16d.	5 11-16d.
,, Difference.....	1 3-16d.	1¼d.	1 5-16d.

The American Cotton statistics from 1st September to date afford the following comparisons with the two preceding seasons :—

	1879.	1878.	1877.
Week's Receipts.....	170,000	153,000	143,000
,, Exports to U. K.	83,000	60,000	92,000
,, ,, Continent.....	48,000	42,000	34,000
Total Receipts since 1Sept.	3,257,000	3,109,000	3,141,000
,, Exports to U. K...	1,129,000	1,041,000	1,248,300
,, ,, Continent.	836,000	663,000	614,300
,, Stock at the Ports.	830,000	907,000	887,000

LINSEED.—A good demand still prevails, and stock being limited prices are supported at Rs. 6-5 to Rs. 6-6 per cwt. Nothing has yet been done in New Crop, and dealers are loth to enter into contracts, the reports from up-country being much less favourable.

RAPESEED.—Prices are quite nominal at Rs. 6-14 per cwt. for Guzerat, there being almost no ready stock. New crop prospects are badly spoken of and there are no sellers forward.

GINGELLY is still in active request at an advance of As. 8 per cwt, to-day's quotations being Rs. 38 to Rs. 42 per candy.

In WHEAT there is nothing whatever doing for export, no suitable supplies being available.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p.ct	130
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	705 xd
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 do	682 xd
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	640
National Bank of India.	37,320	£25 £12-10		6 do	108

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New).	4,000	5,000	all	15 p.s*
Frere Land and Pier Co. Limited	7,500	150	all	4 p. s.
Mazagon Land	1,750	2,000	1,000	20 p. s.
Port Canning Land Company, Limited	6,000	1,400	all	15 p.s.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock.	..	£20	218 3/0	p. ct 295
Do. New £20 Shares.....	..	£20	139 14/0	do 36
Ditto	..	£20	65 7 3	do 72
Ditto	..	£20	21 13 1	do 32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do 1,100
Do. New Shares. ...	..	£18	196 3 15	do 250

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 28th January compared with that for 30th December :—

LIABILITIES.	30th Dec. Rs. A. P.	28th Jan. Rs. A. P.
Capital	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	20,37,550 0 0	20,37,489 0 0
Treasury Balance	1,82,51,367 13 11	2,26,10,714 4 4
Other Deposits	2,95,73,004 10 2	2,67,96,805 4 5
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	8,17,485 11 8	12,19,463 6 6
Sundries	10,31,823 12 11	6,79,801 13 7
Rs.	7,16,96,232 0 9	7,32,34,264 12 10
ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities ...	99,15,881 12 8	87,24,985 8 0
Loans on Govt. Securities.	55,95,860 14 0	66,97,933 6 10
Credits on ditto ...	85,49,719 13 5	1,37,07,9 0 0 8
Bills Discounted.....	1,97,85,719 10 7	1,75,43,780 5 9
Balances with other Banks	5,05,916 14 6	7,81,625 9 0
Bullion	.....	.....
Dead Stock	9,72,371 9 2	9,81,354 9 9
Stamps	7,634 5 2	7,177 5 6
Sundries.....	1,61,361 14 6	3,67,252 11 6
Cash at Head Office	83,41,125 2 1	67,37,962 15 0
Do. at Branches	1,83,62,646 0 8	1,76,94,412 4 10
	7,16,96,232 0 9	7,32,34,264 12 10

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending 25th January 1879.
Open 1,288½ miles.

	Rs. a. p.
Coaching	1,51 513 0 0
Merchandize	3,91 270 0 0
Telegraph	1,045 0 0
Total Rs.....	5,43,828 0 0
Corresponding week last year, open 1,288½ miles ..... Total Rs.....	6,11,561 5 6
Decrease	67,732 9 6

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE SHIP PRINCE ENGENE, 1,328 tons, Captain D. Smith, will sail to-day for Akyab, in ballast.

THE S. S. ALABAMA, 1,165 tons, Captain W. Humphries, sailed on Saturday last for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE S. S. OORUN, 162 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo, and 125 deck passengers.

THE SHIP WHITTIER, 1,295 tons, Captain W. H. Swap, arrived in harbour on the 1st inst. from Cardiff 1st Oct., with a cargo of 1,919 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s. s. MAHRATTA, 504 tons, Captain W. W. Wilkinson, will sail to-day for Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and Mr H. Smith, and 134 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s. s. GOA, 1,231 tons, Captain G. G. Stevenson, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Col. A. Moore, Mr F. W. Marriott, Mr M. Tulsing, and 19 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
1	Whittier	Swap	Cardiff, Oct 1.
	Bertha	Crickett	Glasgow, Sept. 5.
2	Coringa	Josselyn	New York, Aug. 31.
	Rucine	Scott	Liverpool, Oct 14.
	Sundan Luxmee ...	Nacoda	Mutapet, Dec 21.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
1	Assiria (s)	Rocco	Genoa.
	Dunedin	Hunt	Galle.
	Alabama (s)	Humphries ..	Marseilles.
	Ourun (s)	Baker	Coast and Cutch.
	Goa (s)	Stevenson ...	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday last :—
Steamer Mahratta, Wilkinson, to K. Coast and Kurrachee.
Ship Prince Engene, Smith, to Akyab.

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 1.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Trentham Hall s—2 casks iron nails, 50 kegs iron rivets, and 2 cases hardware, Allan Dharmull.
Columbia s—2 bales bottle corks, Thomson and Taylor.
Galatea s—4 cases gig lamps, Lookmanjee Ebramjee.

FROM LONDON.

Blairgowrie—10 packages hardware, The Agra Bank.
Greenock—24 casks hardware, The Agra Bank.
Malwa s—6 cases soap, Hajee Mahomed Hajee Esmail.
Micrapore s—2 cases butter, and 1 case medicine, James Pearse.
Thibet s—25 cases clocks, Hajee Oosman Tarmahamed.

FROM GLASGOW.

Columbia s—96 cases port wine, W and A Graham and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

European s—1393 cwts myrabollams, Munidass Damodar ; 37 bales wool, Nebrat Natundass ; 60 bales wool, Bramichund Fuckerchund ; 1004 cwts myrabollams, Finlay, Muir and Co.
Rydal Hall s—100 bales cotton, Khetseedass Hurmookroy ; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 80 bales wool, Motty Jaitha ; 200 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 50 bales wool and 26 bales rags, Bramichund Fuckeerchund ; 65 bales rags, Hemraj Ookerdha.

FOR LONDON.

Bangalore s—1 box gold bars (Rs 86,760), The Oriental Bank ; 1 box gold bars (Rs 76,000) and 2 boxes silver coins (Rs 13,500), The National Bank ; 3 boxes gold bars and coins (Rs 1,65,700) and 9 boxes silver coins (Rs 18,200), The C M Bank of I Land China.
Scotland s—10 bales hides, George Tell and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

H H McGilvery—640 cwts B horns, George Lockhart and Co.
Rydal Hall s—22 bales cotton, Moolchund Motichund.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—892¼ cwts linseed, Finlay, Scott and Co.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Bangalore s—1 box rupees (Rs. 400), The National Bank of India

FROM NAPLES.

Scindia s—1,000 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR SUEZ.

Bangalore s—6 bundles carpets, Mahomed Saduck Mounjee.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bokhara s—3 cases fishmaws, Shaik Ahmed Noordin ; 6 cases fishmaws and 8 cases shark fins, Cassum Khakee Nanjee ; 75 cases sharkfins and 25 cases fishmaws, Goolamhoosein Janmahomed ; 50 bales twist, W and A Graham and Co ; 50 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebrahim ; 199 chests opium, E D Sassoon ; 12 chests opium, Tata and Co ; 100 bales twist, The National S and W Co ; 45 bales twist, The New P of W S and W Co ; 41 chests opium, Hajee Adom Esmail and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bokhara s—423 cwts raisins, Cassum Khakee Nanjee ; 9 chests opium, E D Sassoon ; 5 chests opium, David Sassoon.

HIGH COURT—FEBRUARY 3.

[Before the Honorable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

FOR JUDGMENT.

601-77—Smith and F—Nursey Kessowjee vs Rahim Assur and another—Tyabjee and S, and Balkrishna and B.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

424-78—Rimington, H and C—Madhowjee Dhurramsey vs Dorabjee Framjee Panday and others—Tyabjee and S, and Rimington, H and C—Part heard.
358-78—Tyabjee and S—Goculdass Ajubroy and others vs Morarjee Purdhan—Rimington, H and C.
253-78—Tyabjee and S—Framjee Nowrojee Banajee and another vs Perozbai—Balkrishna and B.
509-78—Balkrishna and B—Perozbai vs Framjee Nowrojee Bamjee and another—Tyabjee and S.
163-78—Cama—Rajabhoy and another vs Vuzeerboo Mirza

HK

531-78—Cama—The Albert Mills Co, Ld vs Alarukha Sewjee.
367-78—In per on—(a pauper) LAKSHMEE Bhimsi Nimbalkar vs Sudasnand Luxmonjee and another—Venayekrao H.

FOR JUDGMENT.

[Before the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY].

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

NEW LONG CAUSES.

606-78—Craigie, L and C—Antone F. Brito and others vs The Secretary of State in Council.
607-78—Balkrishna and S—Temoojee Jemsedjee Dustoor vs Bomanjee Pallonjee Bharucha.

FOR JUDGMENT.

[Before the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY].

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

NEW LONG CAUSES.

606-78—Ardeshir and H—Nagon Adiram and others vs Saduck Govindram Vycoontam—Part heard.
318-78—Balkrishna and B—(a pauper) Dhakli and others vs Hukma Lala and others—Rimington, H and C—Part heard.
704-77—Shapurjee and T—Walbai vs Hurbam Nursey and others
—Lynch and T.
754-77—Lynch and T—Chomskara Killoti Koonjee, &c. vs Memon Ebraim Cummoovance—Craigie, L and C.
401-78—Smith and T—Bezonjee Nowrojee Bamjee vs Feerozbai—Balkrishna and B.
572-78—Balkrishna and B—Feerozbai vs Bezonjee Nowrojee Bamjee—Smith and F.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 30.

Stevenson, Major, Poona Horse, on leave, from Sirur.

JANUARY 31.

Selby, Lieut, R E, on duty, from Mhow.
Griffith, Lieut Col, 35th Madras N I, on leave, from Kamptee.

FEBRUARY 1.

Reid, Lieut Col, 12th Bombay N I, on leave, from Kamptee.
Webb, Vet Surg, R H A, on leave, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 30.

Godfrey, Lieut, 9th Bombay N I, on duty, to Kurrachee.

JANUARY 31.

Doig, Major, 25th Bombay N I, to join, to Aden.
Moore, Col, Comt Dept, on duty, to Cannanore.
Eyre, Major, R A, on Med Cert, to Ahmednuggur.
Knox, Col, Bombay Infantry, on leave, to Matheran.
Griffith, Lieut Col, 35th Madras N I, to join, to Kamptee.
Peckham, Lieut, 3rd Hussars, from leave, to Mhow.
Thornton, Lieut, Staff Corps, to join, to Calcutta.

FEBRUARY 2.

Hills, Lieut Col, R E, on leave, to New Jhansi.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. SEXTON, COMMANDANT, B. V. R.

Bombay, 1st February 1879.

1 The Regimental Committee will meet at 5 P.M. on Tuesday, at the Head Quarters : members of the Committee will please take this as a notice.
2 Color Serjt Melvin, E Company, is appointed member of the Regimental Committee vice Fretwell.

By Order,
T. DUNNE, Lieut. and Adjt.,
Bombay V. R. C.

OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

(Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

With the Indian Edition there is a Supplement containing —
Latest Telegrams.
English Political and Social Letter.
English Commercial Letter,

THE DIRECTORS OF THE ROYAL ALFRED SAILORS' HOME SOCIETY

BEG to announce that a GRAND AMATEUR CONCERT will take place in the Town Hall on the EVENING of TUESDAY, the 11th February, under the Patronage of H. E. Sir R. TEMPLE, Bt., G. C. S. I., Governor of Bombay, and H. E. Rear-Admiral JOHN CORBETT, C. B., R. N., Commander-in-Chief of H. M. Naval Forces in the East Indies.

The proceeds will be given to provide Funds for special requirements connected with the "Home."

THE FORCES OF THE NATIVE STATES OF INDIA CONSIDERED IN RELATION TO THE DEFENCE OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

Dedicated by permission to
HIS EXCELLENCY SIR RICHARD MEADE, K.C.S.I.
&c., &c., &c.

COPIES may be obtained at the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, Byculla ; Messrs. COOPER and Co., Fort ; Messrs. ATMARAM SAGOON and Co, Kalbadevie Road ; the *Gujarat Mitra* Office, Surat ; and Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.—*Price Rs. 2 per copy.*

MESSRS. DAVIS,

SURGEON DENTISTS,
7, RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

PAINFUL and aching Teeth medically treated and filled, thereby avoiding extraction and rendering them perfectly sound and useful for mastication.
N.B.—Charges strictly moderate.

THE GIBBS' MEMORIAL.

THE GIBBS' MEMORIAL COMMITTEE is prepared to receive from the Fellows of the University of Bombay, and from such of the Public as may be desirous of joining the memorial, SUBSCRIPTIONS to the GIBBS' MEMORIAL FUND.

The Honorary Secretaries to the Committee will be glad to supply a copy of the proceedings of the meeting of the Fellows of the University of Bombay, held on the 17th December last, to any gentleman who may intimate a wish to the Secretaries to that effect.

Contributions may be paid to the undersigned or at the Band of Bombay.

VISHVANATH N. MANDLIK,
DOSABHOY FRAMJEE,
P. PETERSON,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

The Universary Library Rooms, 4th January 1879.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

BY permission of Colonel SEXTON, the SECOND ANNUAL BALL of the Corps will be held on FRIDAY, the 14th February, under the management of the following Committee :—

PRESIDENT.
Major the Hon. L. H. BAYLEY.
MEMBERS.

Capt. BAKER.
,, HORE.
,, TENNENT, Honorary Secretary.
,, WEIR.
,, FORBES.
,, BOURGEIR.
,, WYER.
Lieut. DUNNE, Honorary Secretary.
,, ,, Treasurer.

Volunteer, Single Ticket	Rs. 8
Volunteer and Two Ladies	,, 10
Non-Volunteer, Single Ticket	,, 10
Non-Volunteer and two Ladies	,, 12
Extra Ladies' Ticket	

Tickets can be obtained at Messrs. KEMP & Co., SOUNDY & Co., TREACHER & Co., or from any member of the Committee.

W. M. TENNENT, Capt., } Joint
T. DUNNE, Lieut., } Secretaries.

The Town Hall has been kindly placed at the disposal of the mmittee for the occasion.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

HARCOURT—January 24th, at Guy Park, Darjeeling, the wife of Charles R. Harcourt, Superintendent, Darjeeling Company, Limited, of a daughter.
MARTIN—January 21st, at Darjeeling, the wife of Surgeon John Martin, Army Medical Department, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BURTON-JONES—GANTZER—January 27th, at the Catholic Cathedral, by the Rev. Fr. Harford, S J., Mr. Chas. Wm. Burton-Jones, of Natal, eldest son of the late Mr. C. W. Burton-Jones, Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Midnapore, to Edith Agnes, eldest daughter of Mr. D. A. Gantzer, of the Public Works Department.

DEATHS.

CARELESS—January 29th

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

ATTACK ON A PARTY OF SOWARS BY AFRIDIS.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

On Friday, the 31st ult., the mail bags on the way from the detachment in the Bazar Valley towards Peshawar were lost in the hills. The sowars guarding the bags had to drop them, being attacked by a party of Afridis.

NEWS FROM GENERAL BIDDULPH'S COLUMN.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 2.

General Biddulph, with the force moving from Kandahar on Giriskh, is expected to reach the latter place on the 9th inst. In Kandahar prices are falling and provisions are plentiful, but rain is much wanted for the harvest.

The chief personage at Giriskh, Mirza Ghoam Mahomed, has joined General Biddulph's camp. Mir Afzul, the late Governor of Kandahar, is at Furrah with only a few cavalry, having disbanded his infantry.

All is quiet about Kandahar and in the Khyber Pass.

SIRDAR WALI MAHOMED KHAN.

CALCUTTA, Feb 2.

Sirdar Wali Mahomed Khan has reached General Roberts's camp and was received with honours.

PROFESSIONS OF FRIENDLINESS BY THE BARATAKKA KHEYLS.

From the Bazar Valley it is reported that all the sections of the Baratakka Kheyls have declared their desire to establish friendly relations. The force remains meanwhile in the Valley.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.)

THE OCCUPATION OF KHELAT-I-GHILZAI.

KHELAT-I-GHILZAI thro' GULISTAN KAREZ, Jan. 22.

Five hundred of the Amir's revenue militia evacuated Khelat-i-Ghilzai three days previous to our arrival. They had practised the firing of the guns of the citadel, but a carriage broke, which being accepted as a bad omen, they retreated towards Ghazni. The fort was stored with large quantities of grain, the Amir's revenue, which the headman removed to the villages on leaving at our approach. The Cavalry made him prisoner, but he managed to escape. The Cavalry are now foraging, as supplies are rather scarce, and the temper of the people rather uncertain. We halt here for a few days, probably to allow provisions to accumulate.

It is expected that communications with General Roberts's column will be opened up immediately by native runners.

The weather continues favourable but very cold.

The Amir's revenue from this district is a lac and a half.

KHELAT-I-GHILZAI, Jan. 23.

General Stewart arrived yesterday at Khelat-i-Ghilzai, which was first entered three days ago by Colonel Browne and a few sowars. The Cavalry Brigade encamped under the fortress yesterday. The place was evacuated, and there as no resistance. We are now in the Ghilzi country, and so far the tribes have been friendly, but little dependence can be placed upon them, and hostilities may break out any day. Hitherto our rapid marching has probably rendered combinations on their part difficult. Unprotected stragglers are liable to attack, a sirwan and a Cavalry sowar having been murdered since leaving Kandahar.

Supplies in fair quantities come in, a system of requisitioning villages to produce certain quantities having been successfully adopted.

In ordinary seasons at this time of year this valley is covered with snow, but fortunately as yet we have escaped that calamity, for a fall of snow might prove disastrous to our Hindostan camels, which even now are dying in large numbers.

Future movements of this force are uncertain; but the question of supplies renders a prolonged halt impossible.

There is no certain information respecting Ghazni. Rumours at Khandahar placed the garrison at two Regiments of Infantry and one of Cavalry, and it was asserted that the fort walls are in ruins.

Daily communication is kept up with the rear, where, in Pishin especially, the unfriendliness of the people was being displayed in various ways, but since the defeat of the attack on a convoy and a party of the 1st Punjaubees no serious opposition has been manifested. This valley is very fertile, and there is much cultivation, with large flocks of sheep visible. The troops are in good health.

KHELAT-I-GHILZAI, Jan. 25.

Supplies which at first were difficult to obtain are now coming in more freely, and the people are showing a more friendly feeling, especially the Tokarak tribe, to whom Colonel Browne is personally known. Large numbers of these have offered their services. The temper of one or two other of the Ghilzai tribes is uncertain, but our requisitions on the villages are being complied with. Some of the people of this district were recently in rebellion, the Amir having demanded revenue.

The effects of Yakub Khan assuming authority are uncertain.

A small moveable column has proceeded to the Argandab valley, where, it is said, supplies are plentiful and the weather milder. Other columns are expected to leave shortly in other directions. It is believed that the main force will remain here for several days to await arrival of convoys in the rear. Groceries are failing and supplies running short generally.

The vicinity of the fortress is being mapped out and surveyed. The future destination of the force is still unknown, arrival of orders from India being awaited.

THE EXPEDITION INTO THE BAZAR VALLEY.

PESHAWUR, Feb. 2.

No further particulars of the advance on Bazar Valley has been received. Former reports of the loss appear exaggerated. A picket of the 25th through mistake fired on others of our pickets, killing two and wounding four.

Further supplies for ten days have been forwarded to the force, which will be absent longer than anticipated.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

TRIAL OF THE CITY OF GLASGOW BANK DIRECTORS.

LONDON, Jan. 31.

No defence was made for the directors of the City of Glasgow Bank at their trial. Only witnesses to character were called. Messrs. Potter, and Stronach have been found guilty as charged; the other directors were found guilty of issuing false balance sheets.

The sentences will be pronounced on Saturday.

SENTENCES ON THE DIRECTORS.

LONDON, Feb. 1, Noon.

The sentences on the Directors of the City of Glasgow Bank are as follows :—

Potter and Stronach are sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment each.

Taylor, Inglis, Wright, Salmond, and Stewart are sentenced to eight months' imprisonment each.

The prisoners' counsels urged in their defence that they were not responsible for the false balances, and had no motive to falsify them.

THE INDIAN IMPORT DUTIES.

LONDON, Feb. 1.

A meeting was held at Blackburn yesterday, at which resolutions were carried protesting against the Indian import duties.

Consols show no change from the last quotation of 96¼.

THE KAFFIR TROUBLES.

LONDON, Feb. 1.

News has arrived from the Cape that hostilities with the Zulus have commenced.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Jan. 31.

M. Gambetta has been elected President of the Chamber of Deputies.

RUSSIA AND THE AMIR.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 31.

News has been received that the fugitive Amir is at the Russian frontier and persists in proceeding to St. Petersburg, despite the representations of Russia.

THE PLAGUE AT ASTRAKHAN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.

Latest advices report that there is an abatement in the spread of the plague at Astrakhan, but it is believed only to be the result of the weather, which is intensely cold. The Russian Government has decreed to burn Wetlianka, and, if necessary, other villages. General Louis Melikoff has been despatched to Astrakhan, invested with full powers to act according to his discretion.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, Feb. 1.

The B. I. S. N. Company's Steamer ElDorado, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here yesterday.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, Jan. 31.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	46,000	bales.
Amount forwarded	9,000	do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats	4,000	do.
Do. do. Imports of Cotton.....	40,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton.....	375,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	29,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London.....	50,000	do.

LONDON, Jan. 31.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with a hardening tendency. Surats steady.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera..... 4½d.

In the Manchester Market there has been limited enquiry; sellers anxious for orders but indisposed to make concessions.

7 lbs. Shirtings.....	5-1½
8½ lbs. do.	5-10½
40s. Mule Twist.....	0-8½
3 per cent. Consols for account.	96⅛
5 per cent. French Rentes 1872.....	113⅛
Bar Silver	50d.
Total Coin in the Bank of France.....£91,000,000	
,, Note in Circulation	£91,600,000
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight ..	1-7⅛
4 per cent. Rupee Paper.....	75¼
4½ per cent. do.	80

Departures on 30th instant,—Spartan and Tarpeia.

STEAMER REPORTS.

MADRAS, Feb. 1, 11-10. A.M.
Mail for Manilla leaves Singapore noon, Tuesday.

MADRAS, Feb. 2, 7-55 A.M.
Manilla Mail leaves Hongkong, Tuesday 4th.

GALLE, Feb. 2, 5, P.M.
French Mail Steamer Djemnah from Suez arrived.

COLONEL MALLESON, in his lately published "History of Afghanistan," appears as the uncompromising defender of the Ministerial policy. He condemns the former Afghan War as inexpedient, because Russia was then too far distant to do India any harm, and for a similar reason considers that for some years subsequent to the annexation of the Punjab the policy of masterly inactivity was sound. But, he goes on to say, this policy, "while admirably well adapted to the circumstances of an Afghanistan standing alone, remote from Russia, and apparently far beyond the zone of Russian ambition, becomes inarticulate folly when applied to an Afghanistan contiguous to and leaning on Russia. Under such circumstances it can only mean the resignation to Russia of a territory well described by a German writer as 'the glacis of the fortress of Hindustan.' The India of the past was tolerably safe, really powerful, only when she had her troops cantoned beyond the power of Afghanistan. They were so cantoned in the time of Akbar and his earlier successors. It was when the later Mogul sovereigns had lost Kandahar that the invasion of Hindustan became possible. Not even Nadir Shah, powerful as he was, dreamt of invading India until he had secured that important town. The fact that Kandahar, garrisoned by Afghans, delayed him for more than twelve months, proves the importance of its position and gives some idea of the prominent part it may yet play as an outwork of the British Empire. The real contest for India has always taken place on the Helmand. Once those lines passed and Kandahar once occupied, the Indus has never stopped an invader. The quiescent attitude of Hindustan has ever proved an irresistible temptation to an ambitious and powerful people beyond Afghanistan; but no invasion was ever possible so long as Hindustan kept in her own hands the keys of her fortress—the valley beyond the passes leading to her fertile plains."

THE Famine Commission will be dissolved at the end of this month, so far as regards the work of taking evidence, and we understand that Mr. J. B. Peile, the Bombay member of the Commission, will be appointed to act as Political Secretary to the Government of Bombay during the absence of Mr. Gonne, who goes home on leave by the first mail in March.

THE author of "Lays of Ind" is a remarkably clever and sprightly writer of occasional verses, both humorous and pathetic; and, when he is at his best, he may be compared not unfavourably with Mr. Locker. We doubt, however, if he has been well advised in trying a more ambitious venture, and letting Messrs. Thacker and Co. prevail upon him to publish two sentimental poems of some length, entitled *Basil Ormond* and *Christabel's Love*. The stories are interesting; the versification is easy, fluent, and graceful; and the reader who opens the volume will hardly lay it down without finishing it. This is high praise, for it concedes more than the average degree of merit to the author. But it is a disappointment to the admirer of "Aliph Chem" to discover by this his latest effort that the gift he possesses is one of cleverness only, and that the vision and the faculty divine of the true poet have been denied him. He has no excuse for writing such stories as *Basil Ormand* and *Christabel's Love* in verse rather than in prose.

MESSRS. H. R. CORMACK, Nowrojee Furdoonjee, and M. R. de Quadros have been appointed the official liquidators of the New Fleming, the New Alexandra, the Nursey, and the Colaba Spinning and Weaving Companies, to which Nursey Kessowjee was the secretary, treasurer, and agent. In giving his judgment on Saturday last on the affidavits laid before him for the appointment of such liquidators, Mr. Justice Green remarked that the first question was whether the same or different liquidators should be appointed for all the four companies. The major portion of the affidavits was distinctly in favour of the same liquidators being appointed for the different companies; and several considerations inclined his Lordship to the advisability of that course being adopted. The advantages and economy of having one establishment and one set of solicitors under the liquidators were obvious; while if the claims of one company at any time clashed with those of another, there would be no difficulty in the opinion of the Judge in chambers being taken on the point. His Lordship had therefore selected the three gentlemen above named to be the liquidators of the four companies, their joint remuneration to be one per cent. on the assets realised, and each of them to give security to the extent of Rs. 10,000 in ten days hence. His Lordship directed that any two of the liquidators might do any act required or authorised by the Joint Stock Company's Act to be done by an official liquidator; but any liquidator, dissenting from any act proposed to be done by the other liquidators, was entitled to take the opinion of the judge in chambers on such point. In the course of conversation as to the assets of the four mills, Mr. Macpherson remarked that the value could be calculated at Rs. 20 per spindle and Rs. 300 per loom according to the total spindles and looms in each mill. Mr. Latham said the value was indicated in some of the affidavits as follows:—the New Fleming, Rs. 12,00,000; the New Alexandra, not exceeding Rs. 7,00,000; the Colaba, not exceeding Rs. 7,00,000; and the Nursey Rs. 6,00,000,—making a total of Rs. 32,00,000 of assets.

THE latest rumour about Nursey Kessowjee is that he was seen at Pondicherry a few days ago.

WE publish this morning a programme of the competitions which have been arranged up to the present time for the annual meeting of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Association, which is to be held at Coorla during the Holi holidays, about the 8th or 10th of next month. It will be seen that there is a very good programme; but it will admit of extension, and if there are any gentlemen who have not yet contributed towards the Prize fund, we would ask them to do so, the Honorary Secretaries will no doubt be glad to hear from them. It is noticeable that there are no "Tradesmen's Prizes," which usually form an important feature at Rifle Meetings. We hope the Bombay Tradesmen will come forward with a handsome subscription before the meeting.

COLONEL BAKER, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, prefaces the following explanatory remarks to his Budget for the year 1879-80 :—The total sum sanctioned by the Secretary of State for the Prince's Dock is 76 lakhs. The expenditure up to 31st March 1878 was 45 lakhs, the probable outlay in the current year is 21 lakhs, and the remaining 10 lakhs have accordingly been provided in the Budget for the ensuing year. Further sums will be required in succeeding years for the completion of the channels of approach, but the outlay will be more than covered by the credit yet to be given to the Dock for value of dredging plant and for the reclamation carried out in Mody Bay from the excavation of the interior of the Dock. This reclamation has added greatly to the value of the Mody Bay Estate, but to make it available for trade purposes, the whole surface must be covered with some dry material, such as mooram, sand or gravel. Roads must be made, drainage must be arranged for, and easy access for cargo boats must be given. For these purposes an allotment of 2 lakhs has been provided. It is proposed to improve the Apollo Bandar by providing additional steps, with a parapet wall and a footpath all round, at an estimated cost of Rs. 23,198. It is also proposed to commence in the ensuing year the Lighthouse on the sunk rock close to the station occupied by the Inner Light Vessel: it is believed that with this Lighthouse the lighting of the harbour will be perfect, and it is also an economical measure, as the inner, and perhaps also the outer, Light Vessels can then be dispensed with. The actual revenue in the past year was Rs. 17,20,883, the estimate for the current year is Rs. 16,14,875, but it is probable that this will be exceeded, and I have accordingly allowed Rs. 16,45,000 for the ensuing year, a sum which, whilst it gives no promise of a surplus, is just sufficient to avoid a deficit. The receipts from the harbour properties are likely to be less than in the past and current years, as it is scarcely probable that the abnormal increase in shipping will be maintained, owing to the falling off of imports of grain and of State Railway materials. On the other hand, the income from the Bunder properties is steadily improving, for though the famine is over, the prices of grain are very high, and the Ryan grain market is always completely filled; the warehouses are in great demand for large importations of kerosine oil; the export trade will probably be brisk; and cotton has returned from Mazgaon to Colaba. The anticipated expenditure remains about the same: there is a slight increase in repairs, which provides for the conservancy of the Fishmouse and Mody Bay Estates, as well as for the repair of a greater number of buildings and roads, but is met by reductions elsewhere. Provision has been made for a new beacon on Tucker's Patch, and for raising the height of the landmark on the Thul knob. It may be that this Budget will be completely upset by the opening of the Prince's Dock and the transfer of the whole of the foreshore to the Port Trust; but in that case a supplementary Budget will be prepared.

THE *Bombay Guardian* :—We think we may safely defy the world to give us a match for our Governor. He is ever on the move; thinks nothing of riding 60 miles of a morning; sees everything and more perhaps; masters all problems and is fast using up this Presidency and will cry for more territory, as Alexander wept for new worlds to conquer. Sir Richard ought to be in command of the Afghan expedition; it would be a mere flea-bite, in addition to all that he is doing. A contemporary has begun to publish his itinerary, and we cannot forbear a guess that he is the author of it. It is interesting, scholarly, and suggestive.

MAJOR GENERAL R. SHAW, Bombay Army, retired, is still no doubt remembered here for his sturdy independence of character and what were considered his extreme views on several Indian questions, which found expression from time to time in the Indian press. The General has been lately lecturing in Edinburgh in the *role* of a modern Cassandra—Ritualism, the opium trade, unprincipled Bank directors, and other evils of the day being lashed in a very trenchant manner. Good Presbyterian, too, as he is, he thinks that something more than contention over "nice points of doctrine" holding the dogmatic traditions" is wanted to purify and elevate society. In reading the following passage from the gallant General's lecture, one is reminded of what is to be found of very similar import in the biography of the late Rev. Dr. Norman Macleod :—"I am not disposed to take a flattering view of religion in Scotland. I think there is in our churches a good deal of unseemly squabbling over nice points of doctrine, to the neglect of vital questions of judgment and mercy both at home and abroad, and a great deal of bigoted and somewhat hysterical clinging to dogmatic traditions out of which the life is departing, and which never should have had life at all, for the most able and earnest men of England have proved that it is, in some material respects, false light and leads astray."

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* :—It is surely time that the long-promised cheap rates, &c., for telegrams between India and Europe should be accorded to the Press. The public are nearly, if not quite, as much interested in the matter as the newspapers, which would then spend on telegrams not less money than now, though they would get very much more in return. Their readers would thus be the immediate and principal gainers. Indeed, the proprietors of newspapers would be likely enough to increase their expenditure, reduced rates having their usual effect of stimulating enterprise. Since the introduction of cheap "cablegrams" from England to America, which columns of interesting matter are constantly exchanged by wire between the two countries, and it is certainly a strange state of things that Englishmen should enjoy special facilities for obtaining the earliest and fullest information about a foreign country, while the same information about their own greatest dependency can be sent only at a tariff so costly as to be in a measure prohibitory. Our readers, knowing that through out India press telegrams are very much cheaper than ordinary telegrams, are perhaps many of them under the impression that the same principle applies to Indo-European messages, and may be surprised to learn that all public news from Europe costs for its transmission precisely what a private message costs, that is to say, Rs. 2-12-0 per word unless, indeed, the word happens to belong to the select, but far from small, family of words which comprise more than ten letters. In this case it has the honour of being charged double. We are happy to say that the present Government of India is in no way responsible for a system so very much the reverse of public-spirited, and that a recommendation for the introduction of cheap press rates has been forwarded by it to England. We hear from Calcutta, that, as this recommendation has had ample time to get home and be considered by the English Government, an order by wire for the immediate introduction of ½ rates is beginning to be daily expected in high official quarters. On the other hand, our latest advices from England, by Monday's mail,—which are, of course, however of much earlier date than the Calcutta letter—inform us that the ½ rates cannot come into effect before June, at the earliest, in consequence of the objections raised by the German telegraphic administration. There is at least some meagre consolation in knowing that the delay is no longer attributable to any English authority, and that the principal of cheap press rates having been decided upon, their introduction is now only a matter of time.

THE following telegram, dated Hazar Pir, 30th January, is published in the *Pioneer* :—General Roberts moved his camp on Monday from Matoon to Sabiri, *en route* for Hazar Pir, leaving Shahzada with 600 Touri levies in charge of the Khost Valley. On Tuesday there was a cavalry reconnaissance in the direction of Landor, where all is quiet. That evening news reached the camp that Mangals had collected in great numbers about the Khost Valley to attack the fort. The General determined to return and bring away Shahzada and the Khost garrison. On Wednesday a party of the 72nd, 10th and 5th P. C., with the 28th N. I. and No. 2 Mountain Battery, marched back to Matoon, and brought the garrison safely away, the cavalry under Colonel Gough protected the rear of the column. The enemy did not dare to follow. The enemy's strength was about 6,000: the head Mangal was shot by the 10th Hussars. On our side there was no casualty. The head-quarters moved to Hazar Pir to-day.

THE correspondent of the *Madras Times* with the Madras Brigade writes from Mooltan under date January 23rd :—Some doubt seems to exist as to what regiments now compose what was intended to be the Madras Brigade, the 67th Regiment and 36th M. N. I. having turned aside from Lahore and gone northwards, while the battery of Artillery from Secunderabad under command of Major Le Marchant, and the 21st and 30th Regiments M. N. I., turned southwards and are now quartered at Mooltan, and on the Indus under command of Brigadier-General MacMaster, who has his head-quarters at Mooltan. These latter forces, with the 35th Regiment, are now called the Madras Brigade, but nothing is at present known here of what their destination may be, though it is generally supposed that they will form part of the force which will be required to open out the road across the frontier to Kandahar. It is at present doubtful what road will be chosen, as that at present in use, via Mithun Kote, Bandiwalla and Dadur is impassable in the hot season, and during the rains, owing to the floods of the Indus and the scorching winds that sweep over the dust round Jacobabad. It is more probable that the route from Mithan Kote will be that known as the Thal-Chutiali, which lies in an almost direct line to Kandahar. Very little, however, seems to be known at present regarding the water-supply along this road, but it is generally supposed that there is abundance procurable. The proposed line lies through the country of a tribe called the Kakas, who are expected to offer some opposition to our advance in that direction, and it is more than probable that the quieting and disarming of this tribe will be the work of the Madras Brigade. The head-quarters of the 30th M. N. I. have already proceeded to Mithan Kote, a Commissariat depot on the banks of the Indus, just below the junction of that river with the Chenab, whence they have sent on a detachment to Bandivallah, a frontier post on the present road to Quetta. The left wing of the regiment and the rest of the Brigade, it is supposed, will be shortly moved down to the same spot."

THE *Englishman* :—Whatever shape the Afghan policy of the Government of India may ultimately assume, there is one cardinal necessity which it cannot evade. Whether the territorial changes involved in its scientific rectification of the frontier are great or small, and however much it may desire to avoid interference in the internal affairs of Afghanistan, it cannot rid itself of the task, imposed upon it by what it has already done, of establishing the future Government of the country on a firm basis. A state of chronic hostility with the country beyond its boundary would be a more than adequate price to pay for the advantage of a scientific frontier, and would be simply intolerable whether on political or ecomical grounds. But if, having secured our rectified frontier, we were simply to sit down within our own borders and leave the country beyond to take care of itself, we should incur the certainty of such a chronic state of hostility. There is, however, a far more serious consideration than this. Anarchy in Afghanistan would furnish Russia with not merely a plausible pretext, but with just ground for interference in its affairs, in order to secure the peace of her own borders. Then, again, though, from a political point of view, this may be a subordinate consideration, it is more than questionable whether the work of destruction we have effected has not imposed on us a moral obligation to undertake that of reconstruction. It seems to us inevitable, then, that unless we annex it ourselves we must not only set up some Government in Kabul before we leave the country, but make arrangements for its adequate support after we leave it. It is self-evident, too, we think, that unless the Government of India is prepared to locate in Afghanistan for an indefinite period a force of such strength as to be practically an army of occupation, the government it sets up must be one that can reckon on the support of the great body of the Afghan people, while it must at the same time be one whose adherence to British interests can be relied upon. Considering the complex conditions to be fulfilled, the political task before us bids fair to prove a far more difficult one than the military problem which we have already pretty well disposed of.

THE *Pioneer* :—The frightful mortality of camels reported by our correspondent is, of course, but a repetition of what happened during our former campaign, when as now it seemed a certainty that the camels of Hindustan could not stand the climate or the stones of Afghanistan. Still in 1839-40 it seemed quite clear that a great part of the loss incurred was due solely to the cruelty and carelessness of the camel drivers; and it is remarked in an old report on the matter that with good grooming and clothing especially, and with good feeding, the Indian camel can be depended on, even beyond our frontier. "Captain Fraser of the Cavalry," says the report, "did not lose a single camel between Ferozepore and Cabul."

THE Calcutta Health Officer's Report for December says :—"The number of births registered in December was 612. It fell far short of the number recorded in the corresponding months of the last two years, and was less by 1/5 than the number registered in November. The average number of births of the decade was 525. The death-rate in December was 54·4 per 1,000 of population per annum, which exceeded the rate of December 1877 by 1·9, but surpassed considerably the corresponding rates of the preceding years. Fever mortality was frightfully high, and was without a precedent in the recorded numbers of the decade. There were 933 deaths, against 918 in the corresponding month of 1877. In the month under review the fever deaths have not exceeded the November figure, being, in fact, 15 below those of that month. The cholera figure was low in comparison with the corresponding months of the decade. Deaths from dysentery and diarrhœa ranged very high. Small-pox, which had exhibited a progressive decline from June last, proved fatal to 28 persons in December, against 7 in November. Deaths from diseases other than those specified above have also been very high. Infant mortality reckoned on 1,000 estimated births ranged as follows:—Hindus, 411·4, Mahomedans, 405·8; and mixed races 355·2 per annum. There was no death among European infants."

THE Commissariat Department at Rangoon according to a local paper, has received instructions to prepare rations and supplies for a detachment of fifty European soldiers, whose destination, in all probability, is Mandalay, where they will remain as an escort to the Resident. Our contemporary remarks that matters are beginning to assume a very doubtful aspect in Upper Burma, and apprehensions are felt that the old arrogant Burman party will gain the upper hand in the end. It is high time, when the lives of British officers are at stake, that rigorous and common sense measures should be adopted in dealing with the Mandalay Court.

THE *Rangoon Times* publishes the following :—"We have heard that an instance happened in town about a week ago of a Burmese woman, who, after a short illness, sank into a trance, and lay as if dead for four days, when she was placed in a coffin, and taken to the cemetery. In accordance with Burmese custom, on arriving there, the coffin was opened, and the supposed corpse was found covered with perspiration. Her friends carried her back to her house, and it was found that she was alive. She became conscious afterwards, but shortly after died. The body was kept the second time, until unmistakable signs of dissolution had set in."

The *Civil and Military Gazette* :—Alluding to a paragraph attributed to the Press Commissioner denying the reports of differences between the Home and the Indian Government, Mr. Forbes solemnly adjures his readers in the *Daily News* that in "the course of a journalistic experience of some duration" he never "experienced anything so offensive and so disingenuous" as in this *communique*. The paragraph in question is before our readers, and we will only observe that this "tall tale" seems to us superlatively silly. It is impossible to perceive anything in the least offensive, and it is difficult to prove anything disingenuous, in the paragraph which was a very natural disavowal on the part of the Indian, and subordinate, Government, of any "differences" with the English Cabinet, evidently meaning here by differences, something more than a mere difference of opinion, and replying to reports which were calculated to do much public harm in conveying the idea of the existence of dissension between the two Governments. In respect of Mr. Forbes' complaint that "he had been utilized and then thrown over" we confess to an impenetrable sense of mystery. Does he mean that he himself was employed by the Indian Government to express those "differences" with the Cabinet, and that the contradiction of the Press Commissioner had thrown him over? If this be so, we should like a little more light thrown on the subject, for Mr. Forbes would then entirely possess our sympathy.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

JANUARY HANDICAP MATCH.

Names of Players.	9th Jan	16th Jan	23rd Jan	30th Jan	Score	Allowance of Points	Net Score.
A. Arthur.....	54	49	49	54	206	28	178
C. H. Mein	46	49	47	43	181	4	180
C. S. Burn.....	48	54	53	48	203	13	190
D. Bain.....	52	58	50	52	212	20	192
M. R. Chas.....	50	52	54	60	226	32	194
C. W. Coulter	61	54	46	46	207	13	194
J. Dawson	61	54	51	57	223	29	194
G. Oliver	49	53	53	51	206	8	198
R. Roberts	47	53	51	53	203	0	203
L. H. Sibthorpe.....	73	65	66	59	263	56	207
A. F. Simpson.....	54	55	54	55	218	8	210
A. J. Stuart.....	64	61	64	59	248	28	220
E. L. Barton.....	54	60	52	retired			
J. Fowler.....	79	retired					

Winner of the Cup—A Arthur.

BOMBAY RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE First Annual Prize Meeting of the Association will take place at the Rifle Range of the Corps at Coorla during the Holi Holidays (dates will be hereafter notified), when the following prizes will be shot for :—

I.—H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S PRIZES, Rs. 200.—1st, a Silver Cup, Rs. 100; 2nd do. do. Rs. 50; 3rd do. do. Rs. 30; 4th do. do. Rs. 20. Entrance Rs. 2. Distances 300, 600, and 800 yards. No. of shots, 7 at each distance. Position, regulation.

II.—THE COMMANDANT'S PRIZE, Rs. 100.—1st a Cup, Rs. 50; 2nd, Rs. 20; 3rd, Rs. 15; 4th, Rs. 10; 5th, Rs. 5. Entrance Rs. 1. Distances 500 and 800 yards. No. of shots, 7 at each distance.

III.—THE MAJORS' PRIZES, Rs. 100.—1st a Silver Cup, Rs. 40; 2nd, Rs. 20; 3rd, Rs. 15; 4th, Rs. 10; 5th, Rs. 10; 6th, Rs. 5. Entrance Rs. 1. No of shots, 10. Distance, 200 yards. Position, regulation.

IV.—THE ADJUTANT'S (LIEUTENANT DUNNE) PRIZES, Rs. 50.—1st, Rs. 30; 2nd, Rs. 15; 3rd, Rs. 5. Open only to 2nd and 3rd class shots for the current year. Entrance Re. 1. No. of shots, 10 at each distance. Distance, 300 and 500 yards. Position, regulation.

V.—MR. BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY'S PRIZE.—A Silver Cup, value Rs. 50. Entrance Rs. 2. No. of shots 10. Distance, 600 yards.

VI.—THE OFFICERS' PRIZES, Rs. 200.—1st, a Cup, Rs. 50; 2nd, a Cup, Rs. 40; 3rd, a Cup, Rs. 30; 4th, Rs. 20; 5th, Rs. 10; 6th, Rs. 10; 7th, Rs. 10; 8th, Rs. 10; 9th, Rs. 5; 10th, Rs. 5; 11th, Rs. 5; 12th, Rs. 5. Entrance, Re. 1. No. of rounds, 5 at each distance. Distances, 700 and 800 yards.

VII.—THE ALL COMERS' PRIZES, Rs. 200.—1st, Rs. 50; 2nd, Rs. 40; 3rd, Rs. 30; 4th, Rs. 20; 5th, Rs. 15; 6th, Rs. 15; 7th, Rs. 10; 8th, Rs. 10; 9th, Rs. 10. Entrance, Rs. 2. Soldiers of the garrison As. 8. No. of shots, 5 at each distance. Distances, 200 and 500 yards. Position, any.

VIII.—A CUP, VALUE Rs. 100.—Presented by Mr. Glover for all efficient members of the Bombay Companies (whether members of the Association or not.) Entrance, Rs. 2. No. of shots, 10 at each distance. Distance, 500 and 700 yards.

IX.—A very handsome Meerschaum Pipe presented by Tom Sayers (Clay) [late proprietor, Auckland Hotel, Byculla.] Conditions as per competition No. VIII. Distance, 200 yards and 300 yards. No. of shots, 10. Position, regulation. Entrance, Re. 1.

X. The CONSOLATION STAKES.—Open to all efficient members of the B. V. R. A. who have competed but not won a prize. Rs. 100.—1st, Rs. 30; 2nd, Rs. 20; 3rd, Rs. 15; 4th, Rs. 15; 5th, Rs. 10; 6th, Rs. 5; 7th, Rs. 5. Entrance, Re. 1. No. of shots 10. Distance, 300 yards. Position, any.

XI.—The INSTRUCTORS' PRIZES.—For the Instructors of the B. V. R. only. Rs. 60.—1st prize, Rs. 30; 2nd prize, Rs. 20; 3rd prize, Rs. 10. Distance, 500, 600, and 700 yards. No. of rounds, 7 at each distance.

XII.—The MAXWELL CUP will be shot for during the meeting at the Corps Range. Teams can fire on any day of the meeting. Captains of Companies are requested to prepare their teams.

RULES.

1.—The rules of the Association must be complied with, and Members' attention is hereby called to Rules I. and IX.

2.—The Rifle for all the above matches to be the Henry-Martini, except the All-Comers' Match, where the Snider may be used by those not possessed of the same.

3.—One entry only allowed for each competition.

4.—No competitor to take prizes aggregating in value more than Rs. 150, exclusive of the prizes presented by H. E. the Governor and Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy.

5. The matches to be opened during the meeting, and can be competed for in one day.

6. Matches 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, and 9, count for the Association medals.

7. Uniform uniform to be worn, without accoutrements. Members of other corps shooting for the All Comers' Match must also be in uniform. Regimental helmets not compulsory.

8. No telescopes or binoculars will be allowed on the ground for spotting, except in the team shooting. Any person infringing this rule will be warned off the ranges, and if a competitor qualified for all matches for which he may have entered or won, and from further competition.

9. Regulation targets will be used for all the matches.

Rules 1 and 9 B. V. R. A.

"I. That the Association be open to all *efficient* members of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle on payment of a subscription of Re. 3 annually in advance.

IX. That members who have become entitled to the Corps or the Association are not paid to be disqualified for competing in any match held by the Association, and may have their names taken off the books of the Association by the Council if more than one year in arrear, continuing, however, liable for any arrears of subscription."

CHAS. W.B. FORBES, Captain, } Joint Hony. Secre-
T. DUNNE, Lieut. and Adjt. } taries, B. V. R. A

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICIAL LIQUIDATORS OF NURSEY KESSOWJEE'S FOUR MILLS.

AT the High Court, on Saturday last, Mr. Justice Green gave judgment on the argument gone into before his Lordship on a previous day as to the appointment of official liquidators to the New Fleming, the New Alexandra, the Nursey, and the Colaba Spinning and Weaving Companies, limited.

His Lordship said—The first question to be considered is whether the same liquidator or different liquidators should be appointed for the above four Companies? That the same set of liquidators should be appointed for all four companies has been strongly urged by the petitioner who have signed the petition, and though the persons, or some of them, proposed for the office of liquidator on the part of those parties have been objected to by others, yet the proposal to have the same liquidators or liquidator in all four companies has met with no serious objection on the part of any party; and it was said that the major portion of the interests represented at the hearing of this matter were distinctly in favour of it. There are several considerations much in favour of its adoption. Though the possibility of conflicting claims between the different companies has been suggested, no facts are in evidence to show that such will be in fact or probably the case. If such conflicting claims do, however, arise, there will be no difficulty in the joint liquidators taking the opinion of the Court or a judge in chambers, and if necessary they might for such particular proceeding be represented by different solicitors. On the other hand, the considerations of economy and avoidance of litigation in one establishment and one set of solicitors for working the liquidation of all four companies are so obvious that I have had no difficulty in coming to the conclusion that the same liquidator or liquidators should be appointed in all four cases. I have therefore decided to appoint the same persons proposed by the petitioners for all four companies. I should have been much disposed to appoint only two liquidators, but for the difficulty in finding two names only which may be said to unite with sufficient completeness the wishes of various interests. Two among the names proposed by Mr. Macpherson are, I believe, not to be supported by Mr. Macpherson himself, and the Advocate General represented by the Advocate General, would no doubt be unexceptionable on the ground of intelligence, experience in business, and character. But they are, in fact, objected to, and rather strongly, on the part of those represented by Mr. Latham, and whose petition for winding up these companies was in fact first in being presented. Apart, however, from such objection, as to the grounds for which I wholly abstain from expressing any opinion, at least so far as accepting them, the two gentlemen in question have made certain conditions as to remuneration. Of course they have a perfect right to set their own value on their time and labour, but the fact that they are not willing to act except on higher terms of remuneration than others who in themselves are eligible, is of course a ground in itself for preferring such others. Among those, however, I have appointed is one name which has been proposed by those represented by Mr. Macpherson and the Advocate General. I should have desired to continue as official liquidators the gentlemen appointed to act as provisional liquidators, but the difficulty I have in finding three persons provisional liquidators, one for two of the companies, and one each for the other two. I should have had satisfaction in continuing them, but having regard to my decision to appoint the same liquidators for all four companies, it cannot be said that those three gentlemen sufficiently unite the wishes of the interests represented to make their appointment as joint liquidators for all four companies desirable. The names I have selected are those of Mr. H. R. Cormack, Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee, and Mr. M. R. de Quadros. To these no objection has been raised except to the first-named, and that only on the ground that as being creditor of the Bank of Bombay (who are creditors or claim to be creditors of four companies) he may be supposed to be under the influence of the directors of that bank. But the fact also alleged by the same persons who oppose him, that the Bank to a large extent at least is a secured creditor would, I should think, tend to take away any necessity to exercise any such influence even if the desire to do so existed. I should think a secured creditor would *prima facie* be much more likely to take up a fairly impartial position as between different interests than an unsecured one. The name of Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee is very gener

and Co. offer to make their own bricks, the other tenderers propose that they shall be supplied by the Municipality. The Commissioner and Engineer both object to being held responsible for supplying bricks, as in the event of any real or fancied failure of supply the contract might be vitiated. Glover and Co., I am assured, have proposed to supplement the existing machinery for making bricks by importing additional machinery, and they estimate that when this is done the masonry sewers of contract A can only be executed in sixteen months. They say further, that if the supply of bricks was practically unlimited they could complete contract A in twelve months. Nagoo Syajee propose to complete contract A in sixteen months, bricks or no bricks. This, I say, gentlemen, is one of the contingencies which the Commissioner was bound to notice in considering all the tenders. Then, again, the work of contract A, the masonry sewers, is proposed to be commenced in six different parts of the town at once: and the work of contract B, the pipe drains in eighteen places, and this is proposed not only to admit of the completion of the contract in the specified time, but to prevent the streets being closed to traffic longer than may be absolutely necessary. This is another important contingency, and it is one the full force of which can be best appreciated by the Commissioner and the Engineer. I do not pretend, gentlemen, to place before you all the contingencies that require the Commissioner's consideration before he approves of any tender for the drainage works, I do not know them all, neither do you, but this I do know that it is not enough to look at the total amount of each tender, and say—this tender is three lakhs of rupees lower than that, and therefore I will vote for it. I say that we should know as much about the works and the tenders as the Commissioner does before we reject his proposal. He is pre-eminently responsible for the execution of a sound sanitary system of drainage, and it behoves us to give him our confidence unless we are assured that he has exhibited gross carelessness or ignorance. For my part I am sure that I have the utmost confidence in Mr. Grant, I have discussed the subject with him over and over again, and so have many of you, gentlemen, and I am satisfied from my personal knowledge and experience of his administration that economy is characteristic of him: he has certainly no desire to commit what Mr. Rugoonath Narayen Khote is pleased to describe as "wasteful extravagance." For our Engineer, Mr. Walton, I desire to say that he too, has my confidence. I have perused all the papers he has placed before us, and it is my opinion that he has given the Commissioner the best advice he could. But, gentlemen, we are not wholly to depend upon our imagination for drainage works of kinds, for we have had two systems executed in Bombay several years ago. You are familiar, gentlemen, or you should be, with the drainage system of the northern part of the Fort, and the Kamathipura system. The former, the work of an Englishman, stands perfect at the present moment, and has not cost the Municipality a farthing for repairs. The latter was divided into two contracts—one for the masonry sewers the other for the pipe drains; the latter was executed by a native contractor, and is a very good example of the kind of economy which seems to be now contemplated. Mr. Douglas has referred to the opinion expressed by one member of the Drainage Commission in regard to the tenders for the new system. I have a letter before me in which another member of that Commission says what the Town Council is now proposing to do is a verification of the old proverb to allow the ship to sink for the want of a pen'orth of paint. That Drainage Commission, gentlemen, was appointed at the request of the Corporation, and its report was approved of by the Corporation. You know, gentlemen, what pains the Commission took to point out the quality of work which they considered to be essential to the execution of an efficient system of drainage for Bombay. Mr. Walton embodied their proposals in the contract and he says that Glover and Co. are the only contractors who will actually put in that class of work from end to end and the Commissioner supports him. Where, then, is the room to discuss the fancied saving of three lakhs of rupees? This saving is real only in the eyes of those who are prepared to vote upon totals alone. Economy on a drainage system embraces a good deal more than that. We have all our responsibilities in this matter, and I feel that the greatest responsibility that rests upon me is that the system of drainage that may be executed shall primarily fulfil the object of preserving public health. In regard to the amendment proposed by Mr. Rugoonath Narayen Khote, I would say that it expresses distrust of the Commissioner, and that that distrust is utterly undeserved. It is more imperious in its spirit than any resolution or amendment that has ever been formulated here, and is, moreover, *ultra vires*. I have no hesitation in giving my vote in favour of the tender submitted to the Council by the Commissioner, because, if sanctioned, I believe the contract that will be made under it will be honestly and faithfully performed, in good time, and without disputes, fines, or legal proceedings, and that the work will eventuate in a wise economy like all good contracts. The Chairman in conclusion said he considered it was his duty now to take the opinion of the Council as to the question Mr. Sayani had raised regarding the amendment being *ultra vires*. If a motion were *ultra vires*, he thought it was the duty of the Chairman not to put it to the vote.

Mr. Nowrojee—Opinions may differ, Mr. Chairman. I don't think it is *ultra vires* at all.

The Chairman—The only difficulty I feel is regarding section 25, which says all questions shall be decided by a majority of the members present.

Mr. Rugoonath—To say it is *ultra vires* is not in our power. That must be decided by a higher authority. If it is *ultra vires* no harm can be done by putting it to the vote, because in that case it will have no effect.

Mr. Kirkham—It is *ultra vires*, or at any rate it is absurd, in this way, that it expresses the consent of the Council to something to which its consent has not been asked.

The Chairman—I fancy it is my duty not to put the amendment.

Sir F. Souter said he had it on the very highest authority that the Council could not possibly sanction any tender which the Commissioner did not put forward.

Mr. Nowrojee—Might we have that authority put before the Council? Who is that highest authority?

Sir Frank Souter—That highest authority was a Judge of the High Court. I don't give up his name, of course.

Mr. Kirkham—Might I suggest to the mover of the amendment to alter it in such a way as to make it one of mere expression of opinion? There is no question about that being within the competency of the Town Council.

The Chairman—As it stands, it is *ultra vires*.

Mr. Nowrojee—Pardon me, it is not.

Mr. Kirkham—Do you differ from Mr. Latham?

Mr. Nowrojee—I do. With reference to members of the Council being bound by the opinions of particular gentlemen, I once took upon myself to differ from the solicitors to the Corporation, and also from the barrister who confirmed their opinion. The case in which I ventured to differ was tried before the High Court, and my view of the case was upheld, our legal advisers were found to be in the wrong, and the Municipality lost the suit. (Laughter).

Mr. Kirkham—That shows that a man has a right to his opinion, but I submit that though a man has a right to a private opinion, the public opinion we have obtained is the opinion the Council is bound by as a Council.

Mr. Nowrojee—Pardon me, I am not bound by it.

Mr. Kirkham—I think a juryman might as well say he is not bound by the direction of the judge.

The Commissioner—If the amendment is passed it will come to me in due course through the Secretary, and I will give a written reply to it. In the meantime I have nothing to say about the amendment. To my mind, the only question for discussion is whether the Council will consent to my proposal or not, and I have nothing to say about any other matter.

Mr. Rugoonath Khote—I think the words "deems it advisable" in the amendment cover the objection.

Mr. Kirkham—"Deems it advisable * * * * to give its consent." It is like the woman in the song—"'Nobody asked you, sir,' she said." (Laughter.)

Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee—Oh it's all right.

Mr. Kirkham—As a teacher of English I beg to object to that ruling. I say it is all wrong.

Mr. Nowrojee—Oh no, it is all right. The word "consent" is used in the way in which it is used in the law, and in the exercise of the powers and authority vested in the Council by two sections of the Act.

Mr. Kirkham—Where Mr. Nowrojee and Mr. Latham differ, I think it would be very presumptuous to interpose, so I will make no further objection.

Sir F. Souter said it would be absurd to pass such an amendment in the face of the legal opinion they had obtained. He would not be a party to the Council being made a laughing stock of.

After some further conversation, the Chairman said he did not think he would be doing his duty if he allowed the amendment to be put. He ruled that as the Municipal Commissioner had not applied for any consent to the acceptance of Nagoo Syajee and Co.'s tender, and acting on the opinion of counsel that the amendment proposed by Mr. Rugoonath Narayen Khote was *ultra vires*, that it could not be put to the meeting.

Mr. Mandlik—Mr. Rugoonath Khote and Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee asked the Chairman to record their protest against his ruling.

Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy did not agree with the ruling, but did not like the word "protest."

The Chairman—I agree with you, Mr Nanabhoy. I appreciate that kind of feeling very deeply.

Mr. Gangjee and Mr. Banajee coincided with Mr. Nanabhoy.

Mr. Sayani repeated his intention not to vote on either the amendment or the original motion, if either was put to the vote.

The Chairman then put the Hon. Mr. Dossabhoy's motion, consenting to the Commissioner's proposal to give the contract to Messrs. Glover and Co. for Rs. 12,36,628. It was lost by six votes to five, the order of voting being: For—Sir F. Souter, Mr. Kirkham, Mr. Douglas, the Hon. Dossabhoy Framjee and the Chairman; Against—Rao Saheb Mandlik, Mr. Rugoonath Khote, Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee, Mr. Fazulbhoy Cassumbhoy Ganjee, Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, and Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee.

Sir F. Souter—We had better put the 27 lakhs out at interest.

The Council then adjourned.

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Pyjamas	3 0	*Kessis* or Quilts	5 8	Do. do. Sprung.....	6 0
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	6 0	Ladies' Wool Shawls	22 0	proof Sheeting	4 8
White do.	5 0	Portmanteaus or Overland Trunks .....12-8 to	23 0	42-Inch White Waterproof	4 8
French Cambric do., Collar attached	5 0	Solid Leather do	49 0	Linen Faced Collars doz..	0 12
English Cambric do	4 0	Extra Large do	75 0	Linen Faced Cuffs per doz.	1 8
Best Shrunk Flannel do..	8 0	Black Hide Bags	11 8	Linen Cuffs per doz.....	13 8
Silk and Wool do	8 8	Extra large do	24 0	Linen Collars .....doz.	6 0
Spun Silk do	10 0	Ladies' Hand Bags	7 8	Cambric Handkerchiefs,,	5 0
Gents' Under Vests 8 to	6 0	Travelling Writing Cases fitted	11 4	Warm Gloves.....	1 8
Bathing Drawers	2 0	Gents' Bags, fitted complete	72 0	Children's Gloves .....1 to	1 8
Gents' Under Pants ..4 to	8 0	Ladies' Carriage Bags, fitted complete.....	58 8	Mitts.....	1 8
Gents' Cotton Socks, doz..	8 8	Gents' Dressing Cases..	11 8	Mufflers	2 12
Warm do .....15 to	2 0	Gents' Pigskin Dressing Cases, complete .. 25 to	30 0	Scarf.....	1 8
Ladies Under Vests 4-8 to	6 8	Soiled Linen Bags, all sizes .....4 to	6 0	Sailors' Knot.....	2 12
Ladie White Cotton Hose doz	13 8	Courier Bags.....9-8 to	12 8	Windsors for Bow or Ring.....2-8 to	4 0
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz.....	9 0	Money Belts ..... 2-8 to	6 8	gents' Canvas Shoes.....	3 8
Children's White Cotton Socks, from doz..6-4 to	12 8	Sovereign Boxes ....2-8 to	4 0	Gents' Slippers.....	2 8
Heather Merino do. 6-8 to	12 8	Tiffin Baskets fitted, 16 to	22 8	Ladies' Shoes.....	2 12
Ladies Merino and Travelling Hats, from ..... 6 to	15 0	Air Pillows.....	5 0	China Bath Slippers	1 8
Travelling Caps	4 8	Travelling do.....	1 8	Filters for Travellers covered Wicker, from ...	14 0
Travelling Seal-skin Caps .....6-8 to	8 8	English Feather do.....	7 8	Pocket Filters	3 8
Dress Boots and Shoes from	12 8	Asbestos Hammocks from	10 8	Air Tight Uniform cases.	23 0
		Samuel Jewellery, &c., &c.		Sponge Bags.....	3 8
				Sponges	3 8
				Soap Boxes.....	1 8
				Smelling Salts, per bottle	2 0
				Aromatic Vinegar per bot	2 8
				Helmet Cases.....	7 12
				Portable Ink Stand.....	1 8

	Rs. a.
Tooth Brush Guards	0 12
Do. Brushes.....	0 12
Nail Do	0 12
Hair Brushes and Combs in Pigskin case..9-8 to	12 8
Razors, Ivory Handles..	8 2
Do. Strops.....6-8 to	4 0
Nail Scissors.....1-8 to	1 8
Briar Root Pipes.....	1 8
Tobacco Pouches	8 8
Champagne Tapes.....	8 8
Pocket Knives	1 8
Marine Soap, 4 cakes for	1 0
Shaving do. Stick.....	1 0
Lloyd's Eureeia	1 4
Oriental Tooth Paste.....	1 8
Fragrant Florelline.....	1 8
Luggage Labels, per doz.	0 12
Lloyd's Life-Saving apparatus.....	12 8
Overland Chairs best Beaches.....9-8 to	13 8
Ladies' Sunshades	6 8
Ladies' White Cotton....	5 8
Gents' Umbrellas.....	5 8
Double Iron Bedstead. 6ft. 6in	95 0
Single Iron Bedstead. 6ft. 6in.....	75 0
Portable Washstands....	32 8
Travelling Canteens	31 0
Chubb's Despatch Boxes fitted	60 0
Chubb's Cash Boxes..20 to	30 0
Silber's Patent Lamps ..	7-8 to 35 0
Hat Guards	0

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IMPORT NOTICE.

WINES AND SPIRITS IN WOOD.

INCLUDING DUTY AND TOWN DUTY.

PACKED in Wickered Jars containing one gallon, two gallons, and four gallons.

These Jars are light, clean, safe, require no packing, and are economical in every respect.

The charge is Rs. 2 for one gallon, Rs. 3 for two gallons, and Rs. 4 for four gallons. Wood Taps, Rs. 1-8 each. Plated Taps, Rs. 4 each.

Also in Casks containing 8 gallons, 12 gallons, 20 gallons, and 60 gallons.

A great saving in freight is effected in purchasing Wines and Spirits in Wood, and there is no loss of Breakage.

COGNACS.

	Per Imperial Gall. Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
* Star, a capital peg Brandy	10 0	10 4
** Stars, a pale pleasant spirit, delicate flavour.....	10 12	11 0
*** Stars, fine old Cognac, soft pale, mellow flavour and strongly recommended for general consumption....	12 8	13 0
**** Stars, very superior old pale, of great age and delicate flavour.....	14 8	15 0

SHERRIES.

MANZANILLA.—This superb natural Sherry is very pale, dry, and has a splendid aroma—a very beautiful dinner wine.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Per Im. Gall.	8 9	9 0
" Qtr. Cask of about 27 Im. Galls.	216 0	236 0

VINO DE PASTO.—An excellent pale and very dry, luncheon wine

Per Im. Gall	7 10	8 0
" Qtr. Cask of about 27 Im. Galls.	180 4	195 0

CLARETS.

The undernoted Medocs in Hhds. containing about 46 galls. or 23 dozs, are now coming forward for the cold season.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Medoc of about 46 Im. Galls.....	137 0	146 0
St. Estephe " "	190 0	205 0
Cantenac " "	236 8	256 0
St. Julien " "	270 4	293 0

CUTLER PALMER & CO.

MR. L. STEFFENAUER, WATCHMAKER, No. 8, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY,

BEGS to call the attention of the Public that a NEW SUPPLY of his superior 50 Rs. WATCHES has arrived, by last Mail, for which Mr. L. S. has received the following certificates:—

Bombay, 19th December 1878.
Certified that I purchased a Silver Open-faced Patent Lever Watch, No. 78578, from Mr. L. Steffenauer in the month of March last, and it has kept excellent time ever since, I can recommend these Watches to any person requiring a good time-keeper.
C. CHRISTIAN, Captain, Dockyard Accountant.

Bombay, 31st October 1878.
L. STEFFANAUER, Esq., Bombay.
SIR,—In reply to your enquiry, I am glad to say that the Silver Hunting cased Lever Watch I bought of you in June last has been keeping pucca time ever since, I may therefore say that I am quite satisfied with my purchase.
I remain, Sir, Yours faithfully, SAM. K. SNOW.

Mr. L. STEFFENAUER has also received a large stock of cheap Watches from Rs. 15 to Rs. 38.
38 Watches taken at once are given at wholesale rates.
Musical Boxes in great variety from Rs. 40 to Rs. 253.

REPAIRS OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY AND MUSICAL BOXES ATTENDED TO WITH THE UTMOST DESPATCH.

MR. L. STEFFENAUER.

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(JUST LANDED,)

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN BOMBAY.

MEIFFRE NEVEU AND CIE.,

LADIES' GENERAL OUTFITTERS AND MILLINERS,

FRENCH HOUSE,

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THE LIGHTEST CHEAPEST | SIMPLEST, AND MOST ECONOMICAL

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REQUIRES NO FOOT VALVES.
NEVER GETS STOPPED UP.
REQUIRES NO BENDS. PIPES CAN BE SWIVELLED TO ANY ANGLE WITHOUT DISTURBING BED-PLATE

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TO H. E. THE VICEROY AND THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY, AND BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

PRETTY LOVE TOKENS.

"*About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring*
That she did give me; whose posey was
For all the world like cutler's poetry
Upon a knife, 'Love me, and leave me not.'"—
Shakespeare.

Posy rings, with appropriate mottoes, consisting chiefly of a very simple sentiment "B*TRVE* IN*HARTE," "Think on me," Joye day and night be our delight," "Joy be with you," "Endless as my love," "Not this but me," "Mizpah," &c., &c. Priced Rs. 25 net.

GEM RINGS.

Single Stone Brilliant, Gipsy setting, Rs. 68, 81, 130, 180, 200, 285 net.
Five stones and three, all brilliants, or brilliants and coral, brilliants and emeralds, brilliants, and rubies, or fine emeralds and rubies only. Priced from Rs. 50 to Rs. 2,000.

GOLD BRACELETS.

Fashionable, artistic in design, and best quality.

APPROPRIATE OFFERING OF AFFECTION.

A very handsome bracelet with a dove, nest, and "forget-me-nots," the flowers blue enamelled, the eggs pearls, Rs. 135 cash.

Brooch for the above Rs. 86 net.
Earrings for the above Rs. 63 net.

LOCKETS

Are also most suitable for this purpose, and we have them in great variety, of all the newest designs, in plain dead gold, engraved, or engraved only on one side. Priced from Rs. 18 to 108 cash.

GOLD FLEXIBLE BAND NECKLET.

Attached to any of the above would form a handsome and inexpensive present. These are priced from Rs. 60 to Rs. 160 cash.

29th January, 1879. Rampart Row.

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	Rs. a.
Single-Breasted Lounge Coat, cut loose, with a band round the waist, and buttoning up to the throat, with ordinary Trowsers to match.....	24 0
Blue Serge, Wool-Dyed, Double or Single Breasted Sac Coat and Trowsers	27 0

RIDING AND SHIKARING SUITS.

	Rs. a.
Best Bedford Cord, all shades of colour, Riding Trowsers.....	18 0
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